Dixieland Utility LLC PO Box 9299 Fayetteville, AR 72703 Office 479-527-9880 Direct 479-530-5926

July 23, 2014

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 Northshore Drive North Little Rock, AR 72118

Attention: Water Division Permits Branch

RE: Permit Number 4811-WR-2, AFIN 04-00899

Enclosed is the renewal application of the referenced treatment facility. Included with this package are the following documents:

- Permit Transfer Form
- Permit Application
- Disclosure Statement
- WMP and Operations and Maintenance Manual
- Engineered plans of the systems
- Dixieland Utility Certificate of Good Standing
- Deed of ownership for the facility
- Benton County Judgment ordering the establishment of the Sewer Improvement District for the facility

Please feel free to contact me if there is any further information you need

Regards

Kathryn Bartlett Managing Member Dixieland Utility

PERMIT TRANSFER FORM

III. OWNERSHIP CHANGE AGREEMENT

	permit has a new owner or a new ownership.
Please specify the closing date for this transaction: $10/10/2$	2012
Current Permittee (Seller): Greenfield Capital Develo	pment
Signature of Responsible Corporate Officer:	Kmarthett
Title of Responsible Corporate Officer:	Mg Member
Printed Name of Responsible Corporate Officer:	Kathryn Bartlett
Date:	6/30/2014
New Permittee (Buyer): Dixieland Utility LLC	
Signature of Responsible Corporate Officer:	rmutut
Title of Responsible Corporate Officer:	Mg Member
Printed Name of Responsible Corporate Officer:	Kathryn Bartlett
Date:	6/30/2014
Disclares Chairman	
<u>Disclosure Statement:</u> Disclosure Statement must be submitted for new permittee D	isclosure Statement is not required for Stormwater Permits.
	• •
Is Disclosure Statement enclosed: Yes	No
Financial Assurance: Please note that if Financial Assurance is required for the curre Assurance before the permit maybe transferred	ent permittee then the new permittee may have to provide new Financial
Land Use Contract: For land application permits you must submit a new land us application. The new land use contract must be signed by the	se contracts for all the sites permitted under the current permit for land new permittee and land owner.
IV. CERTIFICATION OF NEW PERMITTEE	
representative under the provisions of 40 CFR Part 122.2 Department will accept reports signed by the applicant. were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordant gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on persons directly responsible for gathering the information	ermit Transfer Form (Section II) is qualified to act as a duly authorized 2(b). If no cognizant official has been designated, I understand that the I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments dance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those n submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, alties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine
changes that warrant a permit modification, then you mus	anges that warrant a permit modification. (Please note that if there are t submit a complete application, updated plans, design calculations and this Ownership Change Form. The transfer may be made effective prior
Typed or Printed Name: Kathryn Bartlett	Title: Mg Member
Signature: MMMitt	Date: 6/30/2014

. منتائدهد

Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality No-Discharge Section Permit Application Subsurface Disposal System

Permit No.:	AFIN:		SIC Code:		NAICS Code:
(Office Use	Only)	(Office Use Only)			I MANCO COUC:
1. Permit Actio	on and Type (Pleas	e check one of the fo	llowing):		
Operator Type: [_](Corporation (State of In	corporation:		d Liability C	ompany (State of LLC:_ AR
Partnership	Sole Proprietorship/I	Private Public	Entity (Type:)
	Renewal Mod	ification of Permit	Describe:		
Carwash/Truck	Wash Domestic	Septic System	Drip Irrigation	n System	☐ Laundromat
☐ Slaughter House	Other			•	
. Permittee Le	gal Name and Ma	ailing Address:	Must Match Anima	tands Comme	40 .
Owner Name:) ixie/an.	d 11+1	11+1 1	. L C	(479)
Address: POB	0X 929	9	111	7	mber: 527-9880
City: Fayet	ter///e	State:	AR	1 - 10110 1101	
Contact Person: (Mr.	Mrs. /Ms.) Kati	11-+11-1-		: K 1+1	Zip Code: 72703 14 C aquatechs,
Title: MA Me	mber Pho	one Number: 47	9	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	479
<u> </u>	4.11001	5	27 9800	Cell	Number: 479 530-5920
. Facility Locat	ion (physical address i	is required·NOPA	ROXI ¹		
Facility Names				Cr	.)
Address (911 Address)	: 3302 Mai	nt DIXIC	land Ph	ione Number	LK 471 433-0003
City: LI++/e	Flock	State	KX A	3	Zip Code:
/4 Sec.:	Section:	Town	nship:		Range:
atitude: <u>3 U</u> Deg <u>2</u>	1 Min 53.3 Sec.	Longitude 94	Deg B Min	35,45 _{ec.}	Source Datum:
County: Ben	ton	Nearest 7			Flock
	rush Cr		2000 (ft)		
	ributar	* J	X 000 (II)	Stream Se	egment: YK
Consultant Info	ormation:		•		
ame: Charl	es Pres	ley	Consultin	g Firm: P	rester Brann
mail: CSpre-	semudison	ncounty.no	et Phone Nu	mber:	- ing invering
	DUX 607	1	Cell Num	ber:(4) 7°	11 409 - 6660
is: Itunts	Ville	State: A	2 Z	Cip Code:	72740
		·			1010

Please read the following carefully and sign below.

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction and supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, which may include fines and/or imprisonment.

SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS:

П

The information contained in this form must be certified by a responsible official as defined below:

Corporation: principal officer at least the level of vice president (must be an officer or register agent with the secretary of state) Partnership: a general partner Sole Proprietorship: the proprietor/owner Municipal, state, federal, or other public facility: principal executive officer, or ranking elected official Responsible Official: Responsible Telephone: Responsible Signature: Cognizant Official is an individual that is given signature authority from the Responsible Official Cognizant Official: Cognizant Telephone: Email: Cognizant Signature: PERMIT REQUIREMENT VERIFICATION (Please check the following to verify the completion of permit requirements.) П Submittal of Complete Application Does the Owner name match the Secretary of State (Corporation or Limited Liability Company)? Does the Responsible Official match the Secretary of State? M Submittal of Waste Management Plan Stamped & Signed by an Arkansas Registered PE/ ADH Designated Representative Are maps and site description included? Submittal of Operation/Maintenance Plan (nonmunicipal wastewater treatment systems) П Is the cost estimate included? Submittal of Disclosure Statement (completed and executed) Not required for public entity Submittal of Land use Contract/Deed/Lease Arkansas Department of Health notification letter (letter transmitting documents to ADH) (New permits or modified permits) Provide Certificate of Good Standings with the Arkansas Secretary of State

(If foreign corporation, provide Certificate of Good Standings from the state of Origin)

PERMIT TRANSFER FORM

Plea	se select one of the following o	ptions:					
A. P	ermittee (legal name) change	B. Fa	cility name cha	ange		C. Responsible o	fficial name change
$\boxtimes A$	A 🔲 B	□с	☐ A &	& B	☐ A & C	☐ B & C	☐ A & B & C
	PERMIT NUMBER:						
I.	CURRENT PERMITTEE IN	FORMATION	I				
•	Permittee (legal name):			Greenfi	eld Capital De	evelopment	
	Facility Name:			Village	s of Cross Cre	ek Apartment	
	Responsible Official Name (se	ee Section IV be	elow):	Kathryr	Bartlett		
	Is the permittee identified abo	ve, the owner of	the facility?	Yes	No		
	If you mark No, please list the	name of the ow	ner:	Dixiela	nd Utility LLC	3	
II.	NEW PERMITTEE INFOR	MATION					
3	Permittee (legal name):			Dixiela	nd Utility LLO	C	
	Facility Name (if different fro	m Permittee Na	me):			ek Apartments	
	Is the permittee identified abo	ve, the owner of	the facility?	⊠ Ye:			
	If you mark No, please list the	name of the ow	ner:				
	Responsible Official Name (se	oo Sootion IV ha	dowly Vo	thryn Bart	1044		
	Official Title of Responsible (naging Membe	-	icit		,
	E-mail:		hy@aquatechs			Ou	vner Type:
	Permittee Address:		Box 9299	ys.com	-	STATE	□ PARTNERSHIP
	Permittee City:		vetteville			FEDERAL	☐ CORPORATION*
	Permittee State:	AR		72703	·		RIETORSHIP - 640
	Permittee Telephone No.:	******	9-527-9880			23 5022 11.011	
	•			- CC(++++0		571 **	
	Is the new permittee registered If yes, please provide the full in		•		legal	⊠ Yes.	☐ No
	permittee name listed above.	nume of corpora	and if differen	it thun the			
	Facility Mailing Address:	PO Box 9299			Facility City:	Fayetteville	
		1 0 BOX 7277		•	Facility State:		Zip: 72703
					i dennity State.	AK	.ip. <u>72703</u>
	Facility Contact Person Name	: Tom Bartlet	t		_ Contact	Person Title: Mg	Member
	Telephone Number: 479-	527-9880	Fax Number	: <u>479-5</u>	27-9830	E-mail: to	m.bartlett53@gmail.com
	Invoice Contact Person:	Kathy Bartlett				City: Fayetteville	
	Invoice Mailing Address:	PO Box 9299			s	tate: AR	Zip: <u>72703</u>
	Invoice Mailing Address:	<u> </u>		···	Teleph	one: <u>479-527-98</u>	80
	Cognizant Official Name: 7	om Bartlett			Cognizant Of	ficial Title: Mg I	Member
		527-9880	Fax Number	: 479-5	27-9830		m.bartlett53@gmail.com



INSTRUCTIONS FOR DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Arkansas Code Annotated Section 8-1-106 requires that all applicants for the issuance, or transfer of any permit, license, certification or operational authority issued by the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) file a disclosure statement with their applications. The filing of a disclosure statement is mandatory. No application can be considered complete without one.

Disclosure statement means a written statement by the applicant that contains:

- The full name and business address of the applicant and all affiliated persons;
- The full name and business address of any legal entity in which the applicant holds a debt or equity interest of at least five percent (5%) or that is a parent company or subsidiary of the applicant, and a description of the ongoing organizational relationships as they may impact operations within the state;
- A description of the experience and credentials of the applicant, including any past or present permits, licenses, certifications, or operational authorizations relating to environmental regulation;
- A listing and explanation of any civil or criminal legal actions by government agencies involving environmental protection laws or regulations against the applicant and affiliated persons in the ten (10) years immediately preceding the filing of the application, including administrative enforcement actions resulting in the imposition of sanctions, permit or license revocations or denials issued by any state or federal authority, actions that have resulted in a finding or a settlement of a violation, and actions that are pending;
- A listing of any federal environmental agency and any other environmental agency outside this state that has or has had regulatory responsibility over the applicant; and
- Any other information the Director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality may require that relates to the competency, reliability, or responsibility of the applicant and affiliated persons.

Exemptions:

The following persons or entities are not required to file a disclosure statement:

- Governmental entities, consisting only of subdivisions or agencies of the federal government, agencies of the state government, counties, municipalities, or duly authorized regional solid waste authorities as defined by § 8-6-702. (This exemption shall not extend to improvement districts or any other subdivision of government which is not specifically instituted by an act of the General Assembly.)
- Applicants for a general permit to be issued by the department pursuant to its authority to implement the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System for storm water discharge.
- If the applicant is a publicly held company required to file periodic reports under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 or a wholly owned subsidiary of a publicly held company, the applicant shall not be required to submit a disclosure statement, but shall submit the most recent annual and quarterly reports required by the Securities and Exchange Commission which provide information regarding legal proceedings in which the applicant has been involved. The applicant shall submit such other information as the director may require that relates to the competency, reliability, or responsibility of the applicant and affiliated persons.

ARIKANSAS DEPARTIMIENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITYY DISCLOSURE STATIEMENT

Instructions for the Completion of this Document:				
A. Individuals, firms or other legal entities with no changes to an ADEQ Disclosure Statement, complete items 1 through 5 and 18.				
B. Individuals who never submitted an ADEQ Disclorand 16 through 18.	sure Statement, complete items 1 through 4, 6, 7,			
C. Firms or other legal entities who never submitted through 4, and 6 through 18.	an ADEQ Disclosure Statement, complete 1			
Mail to:	Hand Deliver to:			
ADEQ	ADEQ			
DISCLOSURE STATEMENT	DISCLOSURE STATEMENT			
[List Proper Division(s)]	[List Proper Division (s)]			
5301 Northshore Drive	5301 Northshore Drive			
North Little Rock, AR 72118-5317	North Little Rock, AR 72118-5317			
1. APPLICANT: (Full Name) DIXICIANA U.	+1/1/4 LLC			
2. MAILING ADDRESS (Number and Street, P.O.Box Or Rural Route):				
3. CITY, STATE, AND ZIPCODE: FAYETTEV 11/C,	AR 72703			
4. (check all that apply.)				
Individual Corporate or Other Entity	<u>.</u>			
Permit License Certification Departional Authority				
New Application Modification Renewal Application (If no	changes from previous disclosure statement, complete number 5 and 18.)			
Air Water Hazardous Waste Regulated Storage Tank	Mining Solid Waste			
Environmental Preservation and Technical Service				
5. <u>Declaration of No Changes:</u> The violation history, experience and credentials, involvement in current or pendlast Disclosure Statement I filed with ADEQ on	ling environmental lawsuits, civil and criminal, have not changed since the			
Signature of Individual or Authorized Representative of Firm or Legal Entity (Also complete #18.)				

6. Describe the experience and credentials of the Applicant, including the receipt of any past or present permits, licenses, certifications or operational authorization relating to environmental regulation. (Attach additional pages, if necessary.)

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4811-WR-1 i WR-2

4815-WR-1

4815-WR-1

4967-WR-1

4967-WR-1

4967-WR-1

4968-W q WR-1 q WR-2

4908-W q 4908-WR-1

Note: these facilities are ones which we are under contract to operate

- 1. Administrative enforcement actions resulting in the imposition of sanctions;
- 2. Permit or license revocations or denials issued by any state or federal authority;
- 3. Actions that have resulted in a finding or a settlement of a violation; and
- 4. Pending actions.

(Attach additional pages, if necessary.)

^{7.} List and explain all civil or criminal legal actions by government agencies involving environmental protection laws or regulations against the Applicant * in the last ten (10) years including:

8. List all officers of the Applicant. (Add addit	ional pages, if necessary.)		·
NAME: 7 M DAT FICHT	TITLE: MA M	emper	,
STREET: 4514 MC1A	31		
NAME: TOM BATTICHT STREET: 4514 MC1A CITY, STATE, ZIP: FLYGTC	11/18 AR 7	2704	
NAME: KATHY BUTHER	H my m	ember	
STREET USIL MISSA	->111EE:		
STREET: 4914 MC59 CITY, STATE, ZIP: FAY 4414	1111 AR 22	3704	
CITI, STATE, ZII.		<u> </u>	
NAME:	TITLE.		
STREET:			
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9. List all directors of the Applicant. (Add add	itional pages, if necessary.)		
NAME:	TITLE:	<u>-</u> _	
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10. List all partners of the Applicant. (Add add	litional pages, if necessary.)TITLE:		
10. List all partners of the Applicant. (Add add NAME:	litional pages, if necessary.) TITLE:		
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12. List all persons or legal entities, who			
NAME:	TITLE:	1 31	
STREET:			
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NAME:		•	
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CITY, STATE, ZIP:			
·			
NAME:	TITLE:		
STREET:			
CITY, STATE, ZIP:			
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13. List all legal entities, in which the Ap	oplicant holds a debt or equity inte	rest of more than five percent (5%).	
NAME:	TITLE:	,	
STREET:			
CITY, STATE, ZIP:		118	
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NAME:		$\sim N$	
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NAME.	TITLE.		
WANTE.	1111215		
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STREET: CITY, STATE, ZIP: 14. List any parent company of the App NAME: STREET: CITY, STATE, ZIP: Organizational Relationship:	icant. Describe the parent compa		o with the Applicant.
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STREET: CITY, STATE, ZIP: 14. List any parent company of the App NAME: STREET: CITY, STATE, ZIP: Organizational Relationship:	licant. Describe the parent compa	ny's ongoing organizational relationship	
STREET: CITY, STATE, ZIP: 14. List any parent company of the App NAME: STREET: CITY, STATE, ZIP: Organizational Relationship: 15. List any subsidiary of the Applicant.	Describe the parent compa	ny's ongoing organizational relationship	
STREET:	Describe the subsidiary's ongoin	ny's ongoing organizational relationship	
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NAME:STREET:CITY, STATE, ZIP:	·			•	
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AME: TREET: ITY, STATE, ZIP:					

17. List all federal environmental agencies and any other environmental agencies outside this state that have or have had regulatory responsibility over the Applicant.

NA

OF FICIAL SEAL
SAJAH JOYCE
IVOTARY PUBLIC , ARKANSAS
VASHINGTON COUNTY
1 COMMISSION No. 17399045
COMMISSION EXP 037474

18. VERIFICATION AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Applicant agrees to provide any other information the director of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality may require at any time to comply with the provisions of the Disclosure Law and any regulations promulgated thereto. The Applicant further agrees to provide the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality with any changes, modifications, deletions, additions or amendments to any part of this Disclosure Statement as they occur by filing an amended Disclosure Statement.

DELIBERATE FALSIFICATION OR OMISSION OF RELEVANT INFORMATION FROM DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR CIVIL OR CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT ACTION OR ADMINISTRATIVE DENIAL OF A PERMIT, LICENSE, CERTIFICATION OR OPERATIONAL AUTHORIZATION.

State of Arkansas
County of Washington
County of Washington I, Kathryn Bartlett , swear and affirm that the information contained in this Disclosure Statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.
APPLICANT SIGNATURE: KMWHITT
COMPANY Merging member TITLE:
DATE: 7/23/14
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME THIS 23rd DAY OF July 2014
Sarah Jange
NOTARY PUBLIC

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES:

OFFICIAL SEAL

SARAH JOYCE NOTARY PUBLIC . ARKANSAS WASHINGTON COUNTY COMMISSION No. 12399045 COMMISSION EXP. 03/24/24



Arkansas Secretary of State Mark Martin

State Capitol Building ◆ Little Rock, Arkansas 72201-1094 ◆ 501-682-3409

Certificate of Good Standing

I, Mark Martin, Secretary of State of the State of Arkansas, and as such, keeper of the records of domestic and foreign corporations, do hereby certify that the records of this office show

DIXIELAND UTILITY, LLC

authorized to transact business in the State of Arkansas as a Limited Liability Company, filed Articles of Organization in this office June 27, 2012.

Our records reflect that said entity, having complied with all statutory requirements in the State of Arkansas, is qualified to transact business in this State.



In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official Seal. Done at my office in the City of Little Rock, this 23rd day of July 2014.

Mark Martin

Mark Martin

Secretary of State Authorization Code: 766ce15e9382287

To verify the Authorization Code, visit sos.arkansas.gov

Brenda DeShields-Circuit Clerk Benton County, AR Book/Ps: 2012/41151 Term/Cashier: CASH2/Rozalia J. McCabe 10/10/2012 10:22AM Tran: 209190 Total Fees: \$30.00

Book 2012 Page 41151 Recorded in the Above DEED Book & Page 10/10/2012

THIS INSTRUMENT PREPARED BY GREENFIELD CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT LLC,

AND AFTER RECORDING, RETURN TO:

Dixieland Utility, LLC

PO Box 9299

Fayetteville, AR 72703

QUITCLAIM DEED

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

That Greenfield Capital Development, LLC, Grantor, for Ten Dollars (\$10.00) and other valuable consideration to me in hand paid by Dixieland Utility, LLC, does hereby grant, bargain, sell and quitclaim deed unto Dixieland Utility, LLC and unto its successors and assigns forever, all of its right, title, interest, equity and estate in and to the following lands situate in the County of Benton, State of Arkansas:

PARCEL I - Tract 2 as set forth in the Plat entitled "Tract Split for CC-THP-Little Flock, L.L.C. and Benton County Water District No. 1, Little Flock, Benton County, Arkansas" of record at Plat Book 2007, Page 201 in the Circuit Clerk's Office of Benton County, Arkansas and being part of the same property conveyed to CC-THP-Little Flock, L.L.C. by Warranty Deed of record at Book 2004, Page 48262 in the Circuit Clerk's Office in Benton County, Arkansas, and being more fully described as Parcel I on "Exhibit A" attached hereto:

AND

PARCEL II – The parcel of property located to the North and West of Tract 2 in the Plat entitled "Tract Split for CC-THP-Little Flock, L.L.C. and Benton County Water District No. 1, Little Flock, Benton County, Arkansas" of record at Plat Book 2007, Page 201 in the Circuit Clerk's Office of Benton County, Arkansas and being all the same property conveyed to CC-THP-Little Flock, L.L.C. by Warranty Deed of record at Book 2004, Page 48258 in the Circuit Clerk's Office in Benton County, Arkansas, and being more fully described as Parcel II "Exhibit A" attached hereto.

Book 2012 Page 41152 Recorded in the Above DEED Book & Page 10/10/2012

To have and to hold unto Dixieland Utility, LLC, and unto its successors and assigns forever, with all appurtenances thereunto belonging.

WITNESS my hand and seal on this 10 th day of October, 2012.

Greenfield Capital Development, LLC

Romandett

Kathryn J Bartlett

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

STATE OF ARKANSAS

) ss.

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON

On this day personally appeared before the undersigned, a Notary Public within and for the County AND State aforesaid, dully qualified, commissioned and acting, the within named Kathryn J Bartlett to me personally well known, who stated that she a Managing Member of Greenfield Capital Development LLC, and stated and acknowledged that she was duly authorized in her capacity to execute the foregoing instrument for and in the name and behalf of Greenfield Capital Development, LLC and further stated and acknowledged that she had so signed, executed and delivered said foregoing instrument in consideration, uses and purposes therein mentioned and set forth.

WITNESS my hand and seal as such notary public this 10th day of October, 2012

OFFICIAL SEAL JUDY A. LEYBA NOTARY PUBLIC . ARKANSAS WASHINGTON COUNTY

COMMISSION EXP. 08/15/2014

Sud G. Leyh Notary Public

Book 2012 Page 41153 Recorded in the Above DEED Book & Page 10/10/2012

I certify under penalty of false swearing that at least the legally correct amount of documentary stamps have been placed on this instrument.

GRANTEE / AGENT

KM WHath

PARCEL I

A part of the Southeast Quarter (SE‡/4) of the Northwest Quarter (NW1/4) of Section 35, Township 20 North (T-20-N), Range 30 West (R-30-W) of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Senton County, Arkansas and being described as follows:

Commencing at a found aluminum cap set in concrete for the Southwest Corner of the SE1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 35, T-20-N, R-30-W; thence North 02 degrees, 35 minutes, 03 seconds East 905.77 feet to an existing fence corner post marking the SW Corner of the North Twelve and One-Half Acres of the said SE1/4 of the NW1/4; thence along the South Boundary Line of the North Twelve and One-Holf Acres, South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds East 140.08 feet to a set iron pin, said iron pin elsa being the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; thence South 73 degrees, 30 minutes, 57 seconds East 56.85 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 79 degrees, 18 minutes, 13 seconds East 30.42 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 00 degrees, 10 minutes, 28 seconds West 35.01 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence along the chain link tence line, South 88 degrees, 04 existing chain link tence corner; thence along the chain link tence line, South 85 degrees, 04 minutes, 20 seconds East 43.67 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence along the existing chain link fence line. North 11 degrees, 18 minutes, 49 seconds East 9.47 feet to the Southwest Corner of an existing 840 square foot brick building; thence along the auteide building line of the 840 square foot brick building, North 00 degrees, 16 minutes, 39 seconds East 26.23 feet to the Northwest Corner of said brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot brick building, North 69 degrees, 59 minutes, 47 seconds East 32.04 feet to the Northeast Corner of the said brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot brick building, South 60 degrees, 12 minutes, 05 seconds West 26.18 feet to the Southeast Corner of said brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot brick building, South 69 degrees, 16 minutes, 29 seconds West 14.53 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence leaving the building line of the 840 square foot building and along the existing chain link fence line, South 00 degrees, 05 minutes, 23 seconds Fost 44.73 feet to an existing chain link fence source; these sources the swinding line of the 840 square foot building and feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence along the existing chain link fence line.

South 89 degrees, 54 minutes, 45 seconds East 135.53 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 88 degrees,

O minutes, 22 seconds East 86.63 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 88 degrees,

minutes, 32 seconds East 202.55 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 82 degrees, 40 minutes, 36 percents East 38.61 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 81 degrees, 02 minutes, 42 seconds East 51.72 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 79 degrees, 26 minutes, 00 seconds East 55.11 feet to a set iron pin; thence North 10 degrees, 04 minutes, 01 seconds West 181.36 feet to an iron pin set on the South Boundary Line of the North 12.5 acres of the SE1/4 of the NW1/4 of said Section 35; thence along the South Boundary Line of the North 12.5 acres of the said SE1/4 of the NW1/4. Worth 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds West 599.03 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING. containing 1.585 cares and being subject to a drainage easement being described as follows: Commencing at a found aluminum cap set in concrete for the SW Corner of the SE1/4 of the NW1/4 of Section 35, T-20-N, R-30-W; thence North 02 degrees, 35 minutes, 03 seconds East 906.77 feet and South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds East 604.31 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of the South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds tost 604.31 rect to the INCE FORM OF Detailed of the drainage easement; thence South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds East 134.80 feet; thence South 10 degrees, 04 minutes, 01 seconds East 24.01 feet; thence North 67 degrees, 14 minutes, 57 seconds West 106.20 feet; thence South 19 degrees, 17 minutes, 21 seconds East 91.25 feet; thence South 69 degrees, 17 minutes, 10 seconds East 103.51 feet; thence South 10 degrees, 04 minutes, 01 seconds East 29.10 feet; thence North 69 degrees, 17 minutes, 10 seconds West 130.06 feet; thence North 69 degrees, 17 minutes, 10 seconds West 130.06 feet; thence North 19 degrees, 17 minutes, 22 seconds West 122.42 feet; thence North 10 degrees, 22 minutes, 21 seconds West 15.11 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING, containing 0.20 ocres.

PARCEL II

A Part of the NE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and a part of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35, Township 20 North, Range 30 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Benton County, Arkansas, and being described as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4, said point being a set iron pin and also being the true point of beginning; thence along the West boundary line of the NE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35, North 02 degrees 35 minutes 03 seconds East 185.07 feet to a set iron pin; thence leaving the said West boundary line of the NE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 South 87 Degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds east 200.00 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 02 degrees 35 minutes 03 seconds West 598.95 feet to a set iron pin on the South boundary line of the north 12.5 acres of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35; thence along the South boundary line of the said North 12.5 acres, North 87 degrees 14 minutes 40 seconds West 200.00 feet to an existing fence corner post; thence along the west boundary line of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35, North 02 degrees 35 minutes 03 seconds East 413.88 feet to the true point of beginning.

Book 2012 Pase 41154 Recorded in the Above DEED Book & Pase 10/10/2012

Benton County: AR
I certify this instrument was filed on
10/10/2012 10:23AM
and recorded in DEED Book
2012 at pages 41151 - 41154
Brenda DeShields-Circuit Clerk

The Law Law Law

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF BENTON COUNTY, ARKANSAS

IN RE:

Benton County, Arkansas Suburban Sewer District No. 1 – 2012 MAY -9 PM 2: 4,9
Villages of Cross Creek Project

CO. A PROCAPORA ONK

JUDGMENT AND ORDER ESTABLISHING BENTON COUNTY, ARKANSAS SUBURBAN SEWER DISTRICT NO. 1 – VILLAGES OF CROSS CREEK PROJECT

On this day of 2012, pursuant to a petition for the formation and establishment of Benton County, Arkansas Suburban Sewer District No. 1 – Villages of Cross Creek Project, which has been presented to this Court for approval, the Court, based upon the testimony, pleadings, statements of counsel and the entire record of this matter, does hereby enter its judgment and order establishing Benton County, Arkansas Suburban Sewer District No. 1 – Villages of Cross Creek Project (the "District").

In support of this judgment and order, the Court does hereby find:

- 1. CC-THP-Little Flock, L.L.C., an Arkansas limited liability company, and Greenfield Capital Development, LLC, an Arkansas limited liability company, (the "Record Owners") are all of the record owners of all of the real property to be located in the proposed District. Tom Bartlett, Kathy Bartlett, and Larry Sisson (collectively, the "Petitioner"), representing the Record Owners, filed a petition praying that a suburban sewer district be established pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 14-249-101 et seq. (the "Suburban Sewer District Law") for the purposes therein set out.
- 2. The County Court of Benton County has heard all of the parties desiring to be heard and has ascertained that said petition was signed by all of the record owners of real property in the proposed District. Upon making this determination, the County Court of Benton County, Arkansas, has the authority and duty to create and establish such a suburban sewer district.
- 3. The County Court of Benton County deems it in the best interest of owners of real property within the proposed District that the proposed District shall become a suburban sewer district under the terms of Ark. Code Ann. §§ 14-249-101 et seq. and 14-121-101 et seq.
- 4. Matt Phelps, with APEC Engineering, having been recommended to serve as engineer for the proposed District, is an engineer and is a suitable, satisfactory, and appropriate person to be named as the engineer of the District.
- 5. Mr. Phelps has already completed a survey which ascertains the limits of the proposed District. Mr. Phelps has already been paid by the Petitioner for his work in preparation of such survey.
- 6. Tom Bartlett, Kathy Bartlett, and Larry Sisson, having been recommended as the commissioners of the proposed District, are persons of integrity and good business agility and are appropriate persons to be named as commissioners of the District.

7. The purposes of the proposed District appear to be lawful and proper purposes for a suburban sewer district.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED:

- A. A suburban sewer district is hereby established and named "Benton County, Arkansas Suburban Sewer District No. 1," embracing the property in the County of Benton, State of Arkansas, described in the attached Exhibit A.
- B. The purposes for which the District is formed are for any or all of the following purposes: purchasing, accepting as a gift, constructing or maintaining wastewater systems, sewers or grading; or for more than one of these purposes and doing all things reasonably incidental to the accomplishment of any of the foregoing; or doing all things now or hereinafter permitted under applicable law, including without limitation those things set forth in the Suburban Sewer District Law.
- C. The costs incurred by the District in pursuit of the purposes herein authorized and as authorized by Arkansas law shall be assessed upon the real property within the District according to the benefits received.
- D. Matt Phelps is hereby appointed as engineer of the District, with all of the rights and duties afforded under the Suburban Sewer District Law.
- E. The survey of the proposed District having already been completed and the expense of said survey having already been paid for by the Petitioners, the bond required by Ark. Code Ann. § 14-121-101(a) is hereby waived. No bond to pay of the expense of the survey of the proposed District is required.
- F. The survey having already been completed, the bond required by Ark. Code Ann. § 14-121-101(b) is hereby waived. Mr. Phelps is not required to file a bond for the faithful discharge of his duties.
- G. Tom Bartlett, Kathy Bartlett, and Larry Sisson are hereby appointed as commissioners of the District, with all of the rights and duties afforded under the Suburban Sewer District Law.
- H. The purposes of the District should be accomplished in the manner and of the materials that the commissioners of the District shall deem to be in the best interests of the District, including, but not limited to, the employment of contractors, engineers, attorneys, assessors, and other assistance as deemed appropriate by the commissioners of the District.
- I. The District shall not cease to exist upon the construction or acquisition of the planned improvements, but shall continue to exist for the purposes of operating, maintaining, and preserving the improvements, replacing equipment, paying salaries and costs, and performing any and all other functions or services authorized by law.
- J. The District may be dissolved by the commissioners of the District when its obligations are paid and the ownership, operation, and maintenance of the improvements,

together with the appurtenances thereto, are assumed by a municipality or other entity deemed appropriate by the commissioners of the District; or the continuation of the District is no longer considered necessary by the commissioners of the District for any other reason.

THE HONORABLE ROBERT CLINARD COUNTY JUDGE, BENTON COUNTY, ARKANSAS

PREPARED BY:

QUATTLEBAUM, GROOMS, TULL, AND BURROW PLLC 4100 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 310 Springdale, Arkansas 72762 Telephone: (479) 444-5200

Fax: (479) 444-6647 Email: jjoyce@qgtb.com

By: ______ Jeb H. Joyce, Ark. Bar No. 97244

Attorneys for the Petitioner

EXHIBIT A

[LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF REAL PROPERTY WITHIN THE PROPOSED DISTRICT] A part of the Southeast Quarter (SE 1/4) of the Northwest Quarter (NW 1/4) of Section 35, Township 20 North (T-20-N), Range 30 West (R-30-W) of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Benton County, Arkansas and being described as follows:

Commencing at a found aluminum cap set in concrete for the Southwest Corner of the SE 1/4 of the NW ¼ of Section 35, T-20-N, R-30-W, said point being the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; thence North 02 degrees, 35 minutes, 03 seconds East 906.77 feet to an existing fence corner post marking the SW Corner of the North Twelve and One-Half Acres of the said SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4; thence along the South Boundary Line of the North Twelve and One-Half Acres, South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds East 140.06 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 73 degrees, 30 minutes, 57 seconds East 56.85 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 79 degrees, 18 minutes, 13 seconds East 30.42 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 00 degrees, 10 minutes, 28 seconds West 35.01 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence along the chain link fence line, South 88 degrees, 04 minutes, 20 seconds East 43.67 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence along the existing chain link fence line, North 11 degrees, 18 minutes, 49 seconds East 9.47 feet to the Southwest Corner of an existing 840 square foot brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot building, North 00 degrees, 16 minutes, 39 seconds East 26.23 feet to the Northwest Corner of said brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot brick building, North 89 degrees, 59 minutes, 47 seconds East 32.04 feet to the Northeast Corner of the said brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot brick building, South 00 degrees, 12 minutes, 05 seconds West 26.18 feet to the Southeast Corner of said brick building; thence along the outside building line of the 840 square foot brick building, South 59 degrees, 16 minutes, 29 seconds West 14.53 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence leaving the building line of the 840 square foot building and along the existing chain link fence line, South 00 degrees, 05 minutes, 23 seconds East 44.73 feet to an existing chain link fence corner; thence along the existing chain link fence line, South 89 degrees, 54 minutes, 43 seconds East 136.53 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 00 degrees, 00 minutes, 22 seconds East 86.63 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 86 degrees, 56 minutes; 32 seconds East, 202.55 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 82 degrees, 40 minutes, 36 seconds East 38.61 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 81 degrees, 02 minutes, 42 seconds East 51.72 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 79 degrees, 26 minutes, 00 seconds East 55.11 feet to a set iron pin; thence North 10 degrees, 04 minutes, 01 seconds West 181.38 feet to an iron pin set on the South Boundary Line of the North 12.5 acres of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of said Section 35; thence along the South Boundary Line of the North 12.5 acres of the said SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4, South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds East 584.12 feet to found cotton spindle in the roadway of Dixieland Road marking the SE Corner of the North Twelve and One-Half Acres of the said SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4; thence along the roadway of Dixieland Road, South 02 degrees, 27 minutes, 11 seconds West 289.53 feet to a found cotton spindle; thence leaving the roadway of Dixieland Road, North 87 degrees, 10 minutes, 49 seconds West 435.60 feet to a found number 5 rebar pin; thence South 02 degrees, 27 minutes, 11 seconds West 200.00 feet to a found number 5 rebar pin; thence South 87 degrees, 10 minutes, 49 seconds East, 80.80 feet to a found number 5 rebar pin; thence South 02 degrees, 27 minutes, 11 seconds West 210.00 feet to a found number 5 rebar pin; thence North 87 degrees, 10 minutes 47 seconds West 249.54 feet to

a found number 4 rebar pin; thence South 02 degrees, 14 minutes, 13 seconds West 206.75 feet to a found number 4 rebar pin; thence North 87 degrees, 10 minutes, 46 seconds West 701.57 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING, containing 19.205 acres and being subject to the right-of-way of Dixieland Road along the East side thereof and to all other easements and right-of-ways of record that a complete title search may reveal and to all easements and right-of-ways by prescriptive actions of others, if any.

-AND-

PARCEL I

A part of the Southeast Quarter (SE1/4) of the Northwest Guarter (Net1/4) of Section 35, Township 20 North (7-20-N), Range 30 West (R-30-W) of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Senton County, Arkanson and Deing described as follows:

Commencing at a found aluminum cop set in concrete for the Southwest Corner of the S£1/4 of the MM1/4 of Section 35, 1-20-N, R-30-W), thence shorth C2 degrees, 35 minutus, 03 seconds East 305,37 feet to an existing cence corner post marking the SW Corner of the North Twelve and One-third Acres of the soid S£1/4 of the NM1/4 in the North Twelve and One-third Acres of the soid S£1/4 of the NM1/4 in the North Twelve and One-third Acres of the soid S£1/4 of the NM1/4 in the North Twelve and One-third Acres of the North Twelve and One-third Acres, South 87 degrees, 14 minutes, 40 seconds East 14:0.08 first the a set from pin, thence South 70 degrees, 18 minutes, 13 seconds Vest 36:01 foot of a set from pin, thence South 70 degrees, 18 minutes, 13 seconds Sent 30:42 availing chain link farther normer; thence doing the chain link fearch of the setting 840 square foot brick building; thence doing the chain link fearch of the States o

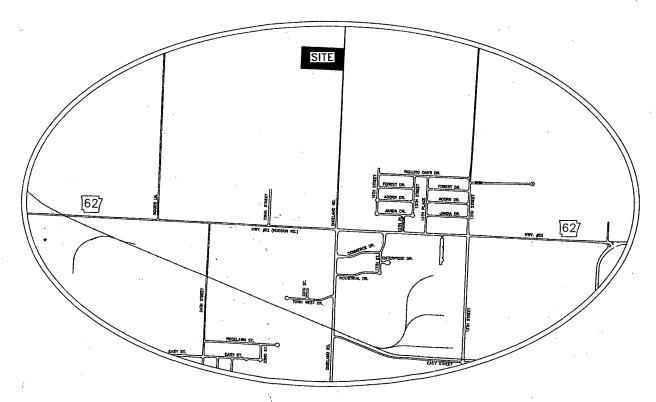
PARCEL II

A Part of the NE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 and a part of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35. Township 20 North, Range 36 West of the Fifth Principal Meridian, Benton County, Arkansas, and being described as follows:

Commencing at the Northwest corner of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4, said point being a set iron pin and also being the true point of beginning; thence along the West boundary line of the NW 1/4 of Section 35, North 02 degrees 35 minutes 03 seconds East 185.07 feet to a set iron pin; thence leaving the said West boundary line of the NE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 South 87 Degrees. 14 minutes, 40 seconds east 200.00 feet to a set iron pin; thence South 02 degrees 35 minutes 03 seconds West 598.95 feet to a set iron pin on the South boundary line of the north 12.5 acres of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35; thence along the South boundary time of the said North 12.5 acres. North 87 degrees 14 minutes 40 seconds West 200.00 feet to an existing fence corner post; thence along the west boundary line of the SE 1/4 of the NW 1/4 of Section 35. North 02 degrees 35 minutes 03 seconds East 413.88 feet to the true point of beginning.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANS DIXIELAND APARTMENTS

DIXIELAND RD. LITTLE FLOCK, ARKANSAS



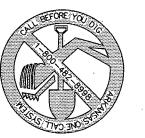
INDEX OF SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

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COVER SHEET
SITE PLAN
TREATMENT AREA
DRIP FIELDS
DRIP FIELDS
DETAILS
DETAILS

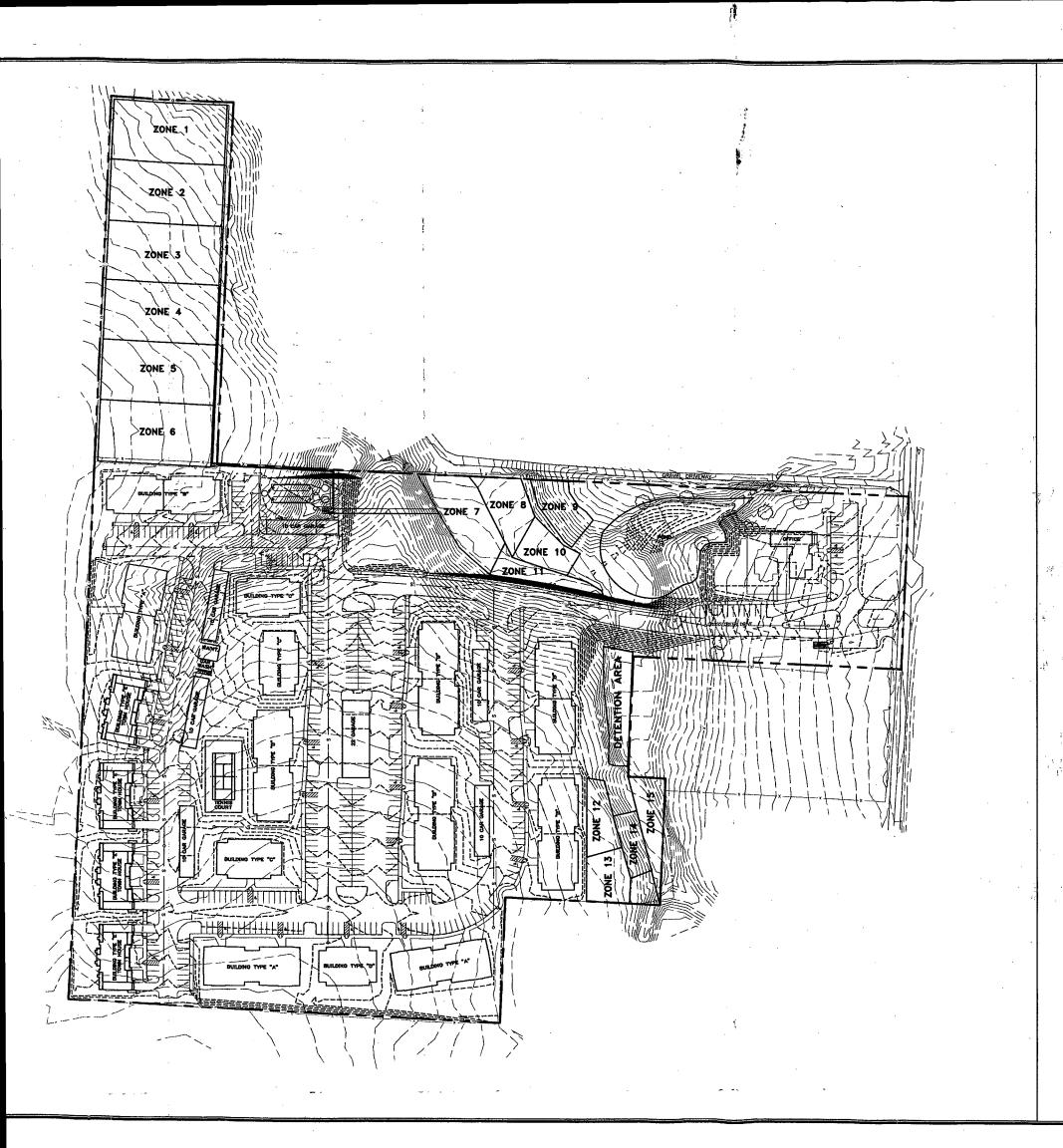
VICINITY MAP

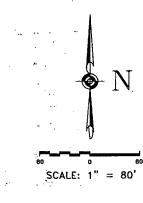
PREPARED BY

RURAL ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
FAVETIEVILLE APKANSAS









DRIP ZONES				
ZONE #	FLOW (GPD)	ACTIVE/RESERVE		
1	3700	ACTIVE		
2	3700	ACTIVE		
w., 3	3700	ACTIVE		
4	- 3700	ACTIVE		
→ ^第 (15	3,700	ACTIVE		
6	3700	ACTIVE		
₩.7 ·	4290	ACTIVE		
8	2990	ACTIVE		
9	2090	RESERVE		
<u>[4</u> 10	2000	RESERVE		
11	4230	ACTIVE		
12	3150	RESERVE		
13	1199	RESERVE		
ş.A 14	·2637	RESERVE		
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D.74.				

PLAN SITE

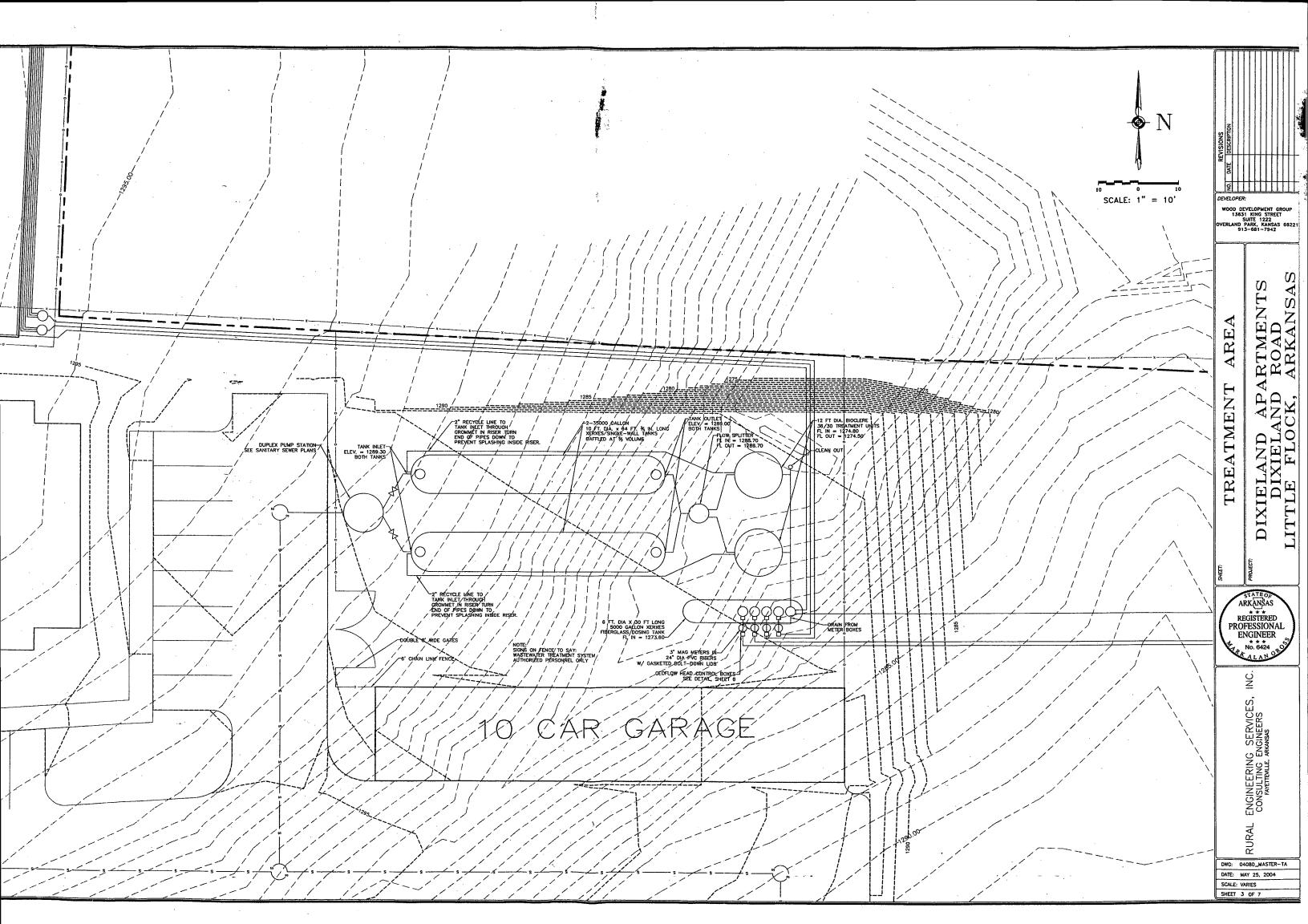
APARTMENTS AND ROAD CK, ARKANSAS DIXIELAND APA DIXIELAND LITTLE FLOCK,

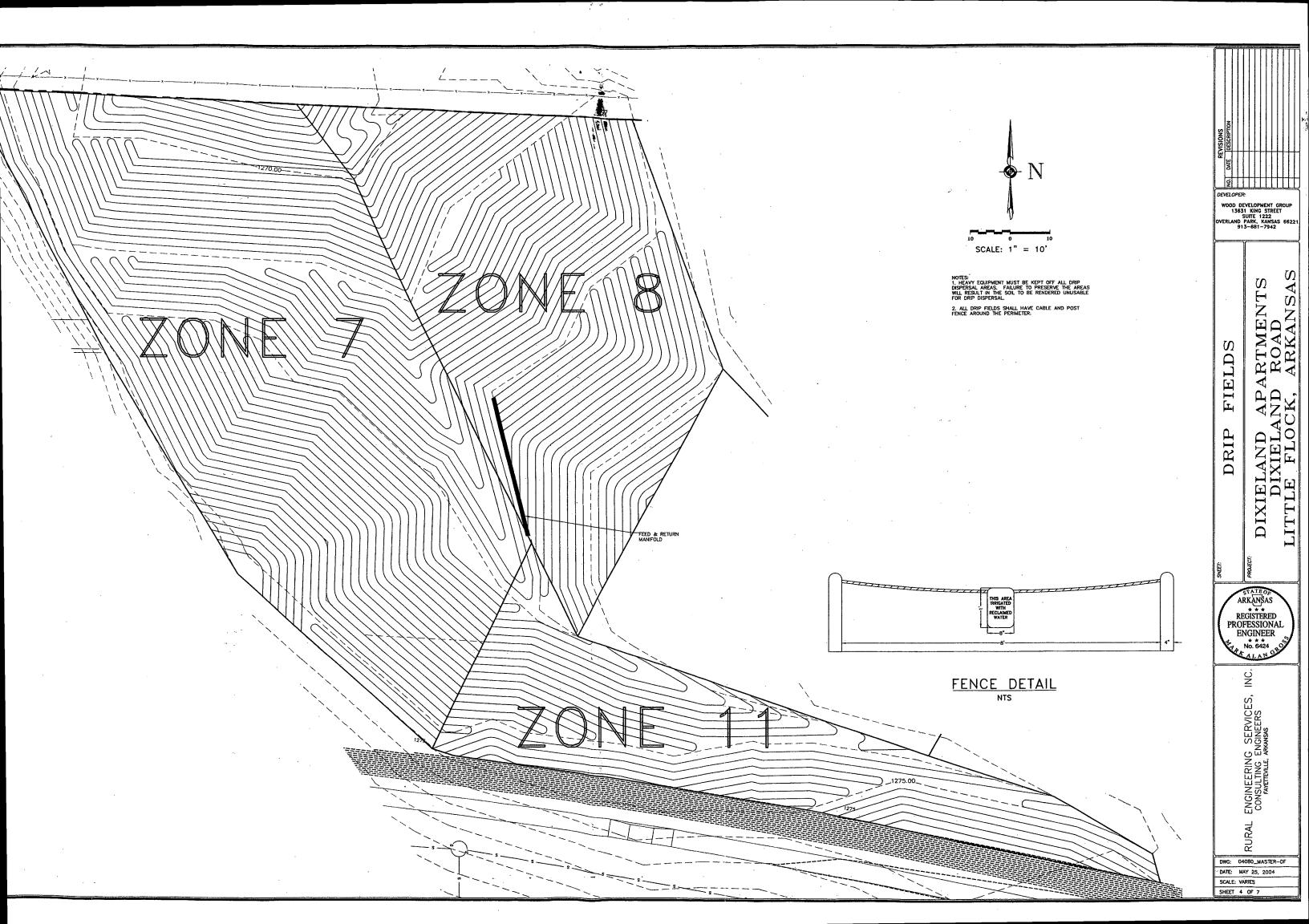
ARKANSAS

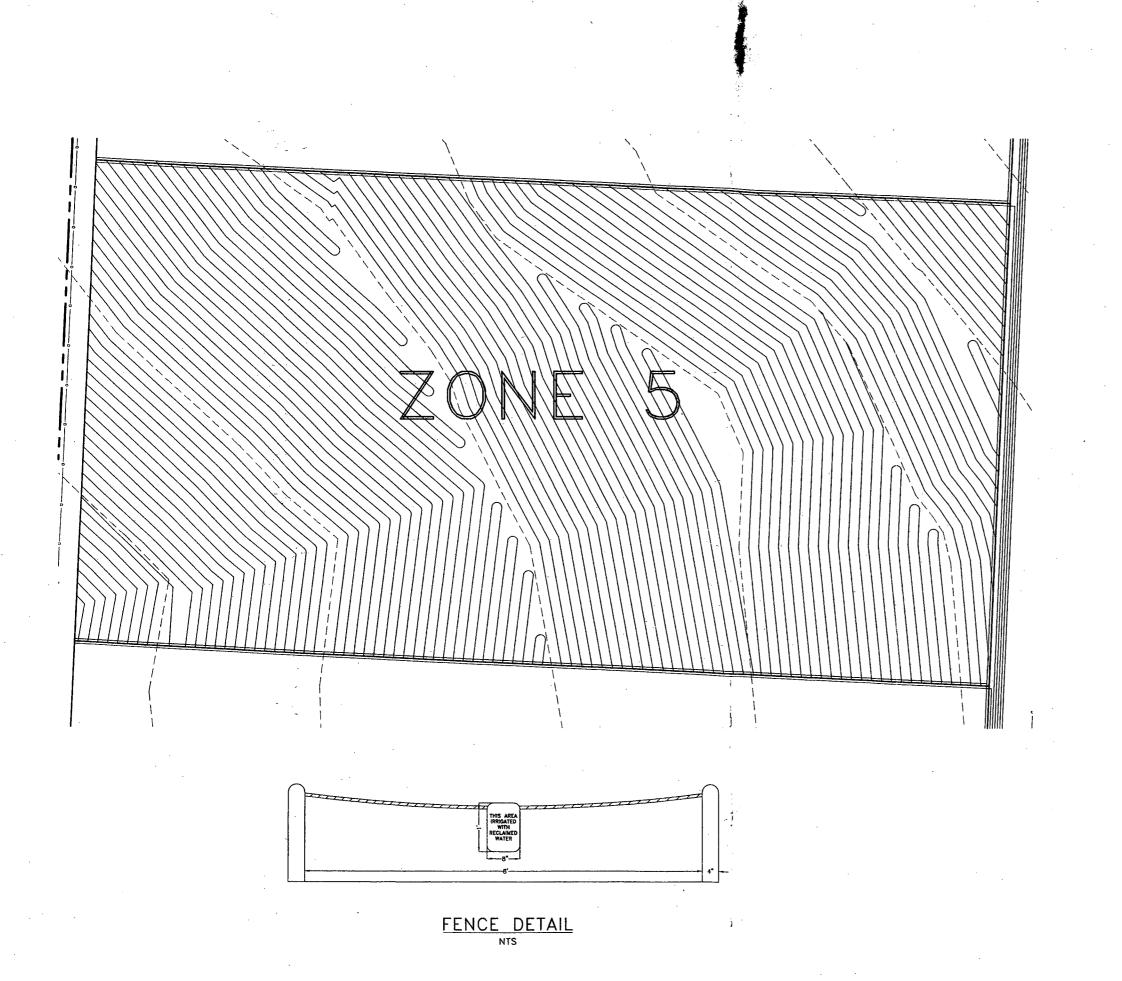
REGISTERED
PROFESSIONAL
ENGINEER
No. 6424

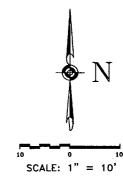
ENGINEERING SERVICES, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS FARTHENLE, ARKANSAS

DWG: 04080_MASTER-S DATE: MAY 25, 2004 SCALE: VARIES
SHEET 2 OF 7









DIXIELAND APARTMENTS DIXIELAND ROAD LITTLE FLOCK, ARKANSAS FIELDS DRIP

WOOD DEVELOPMENT GROUP 13631 KING STREET SUITE 1222 OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS 66221 913-681-7942

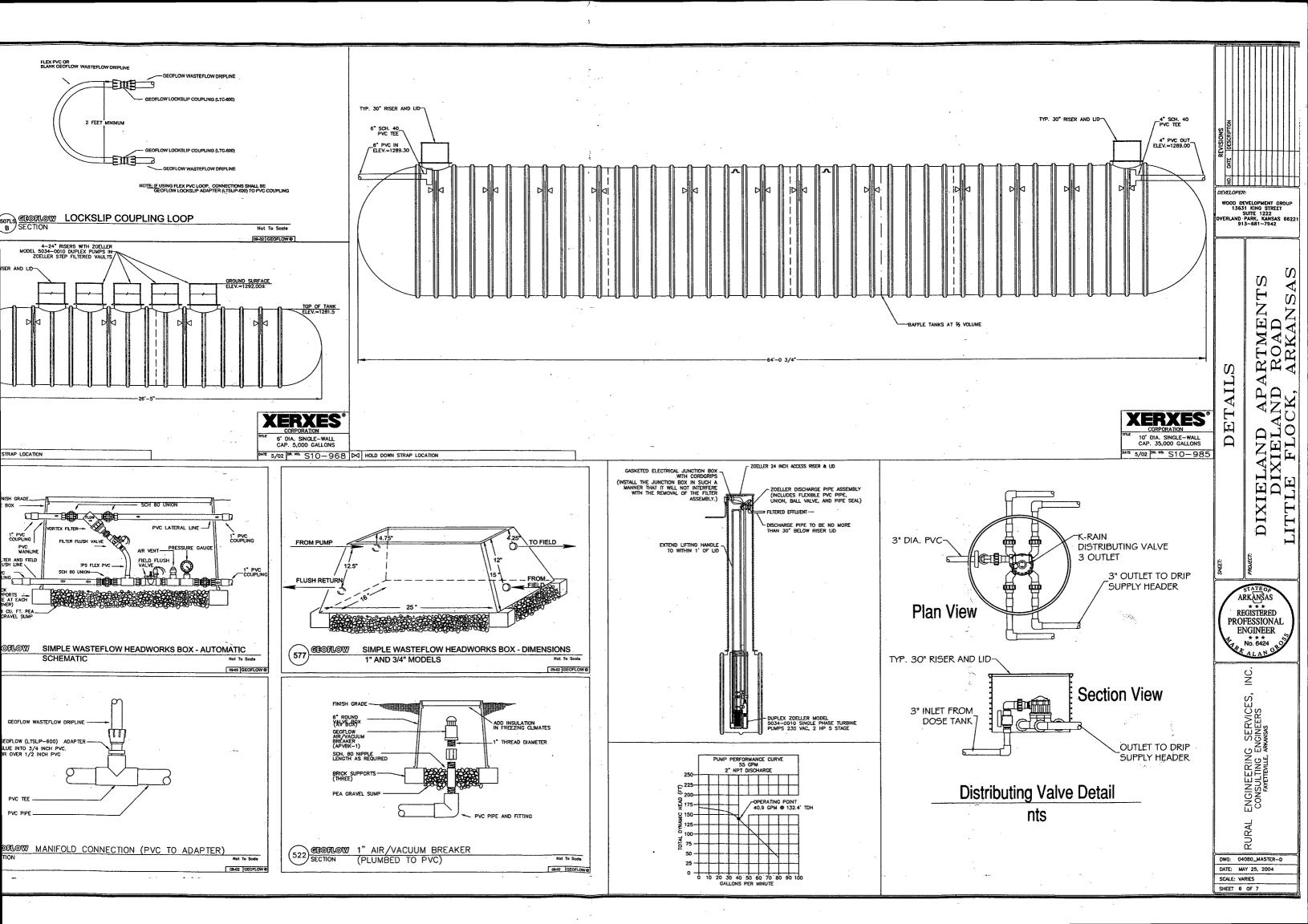
ARKANSAS

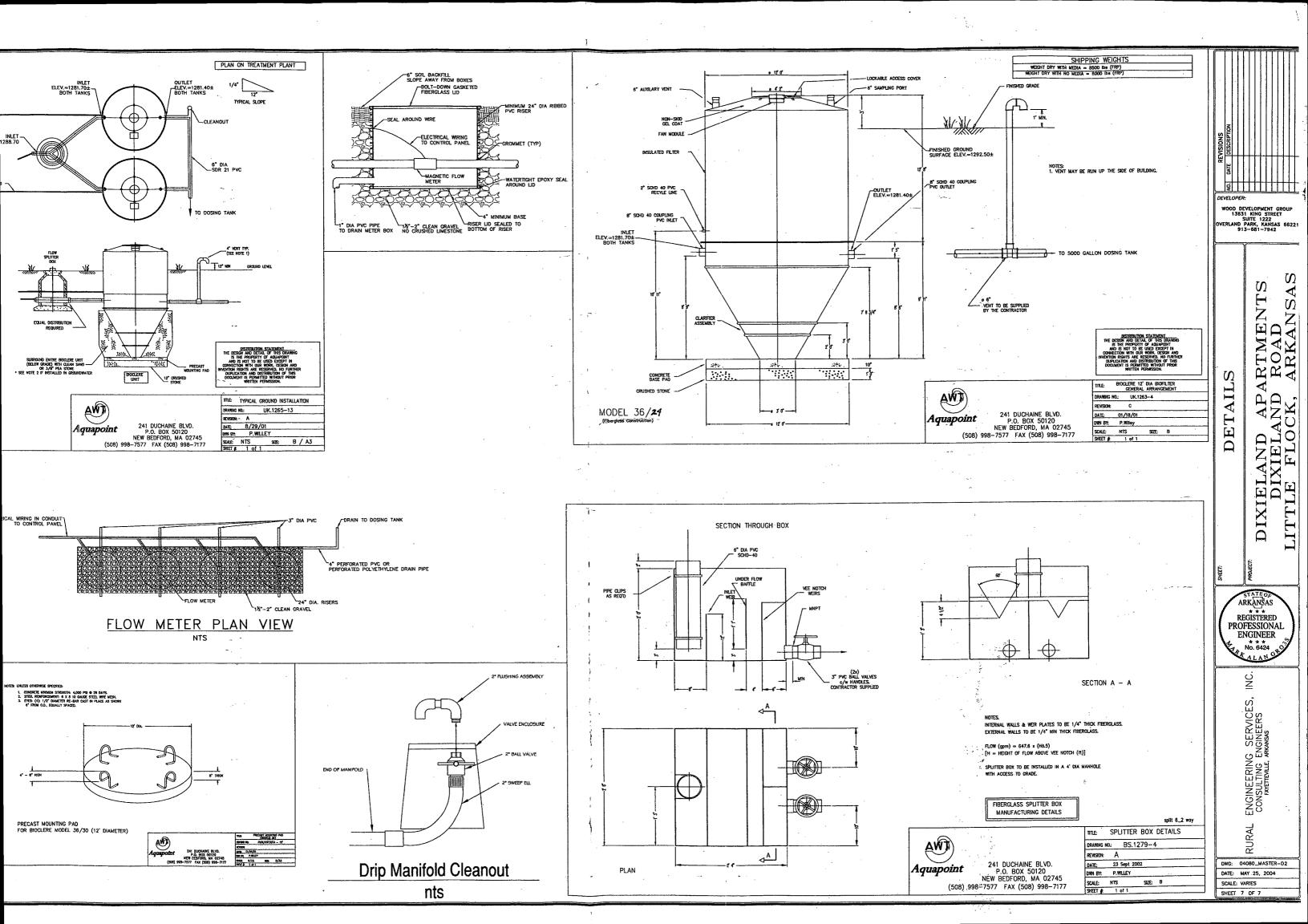
REGISTERED
PROFESSIONAL
ENGINEER
No. 6424

NC. ENGINEERING SERVICES, CONSULTING ENGINEERS FARTHMELE, ARKANSAS

RURAL DWG: 04080_MASTER-DF DATE: MAY 25, 2004

SCALE: VARIES SHEET 5 OF 7





Engineering Report

For

Dixieland Apartments
Wastewater Treatment
And
Dispersal System

WMP and Operations and Maintenance

June 4, 2004



Rural Engineering Services, Inc.

Prepared for

TESCO Investments, Inc.

EGIS ENGINEERING, INC.

314 SOUTH MAIN BENTONVILLE, AR 72712-5903 WWW.EGIS-ENV.COM (479) 271-9252 (479) 271-8627 (FAX) DGILBERT@EGIS-ENV.COM

March 8, 2010

Marcus Tilley Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality 5301 North Shore Drive North Little Rock, AR 72118

RE: Request for Minor Modification - Dixieland Apartments Treatment Plant Operated by Benton County Water District #1 PWA Permit 4811-WR-1

Dear Mr. Tilley:

As we discussed by telephone, the District wishes to make what we believe to be a minor modification to the wastewater plant located at the Dixieland Apartments in Little Flock, Arkansas. As constructed, the return lines from the discharge field empty into the dosing tank. During flushing of the field lines, any residual sludge flushed from the lines winds up in the dosing tank. This causes eventual sludge buildup in the dosing tank, which is undesirable.

We have discussed this issue with the District and with the manufacturer, and believe that the best solution is to redirect the return lines as shown on the attached drawing. Under this proposal, the return lines would discharge into effluent tank #2, where raw effluent is stored prior to entering the BioClere reactor. Any sludge flushed from the field lines would thus end up in the effluent tank rather than in the finishing tank, where it would be reprocessed. This configuration would provide for retreatment of the sludge, and reduce sludge accumulation in the dosing tank. The end result would be better treatment and more efficient plant operation.

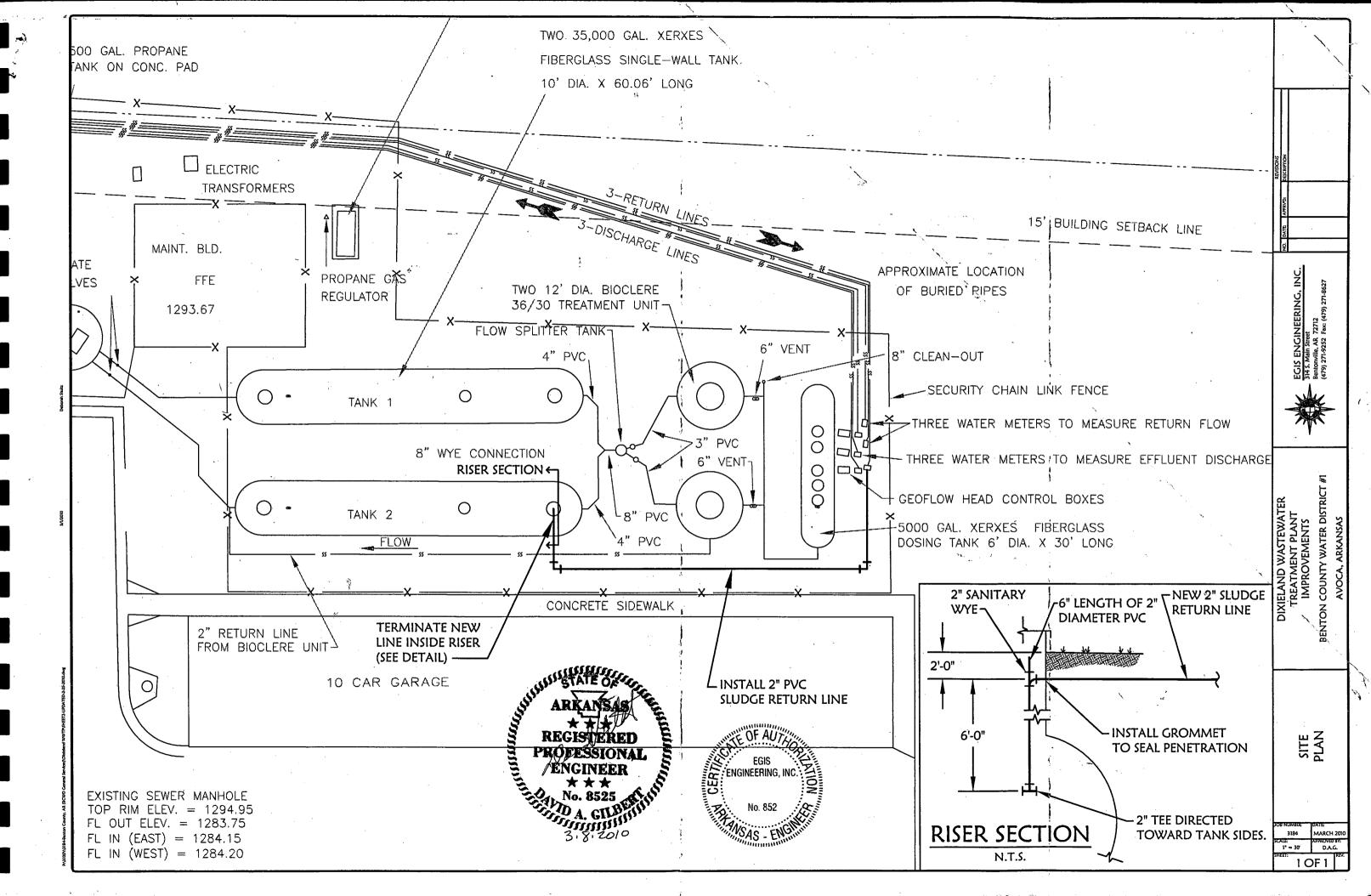
We appreciate your consideration of and, should you find this proposal satisfactory, your approval of the proposed change. Please feel free to call with any questions, suggestions, or comments.

Sincerely,

EGIS Engineering, Inc.

David A. Gilbert, P. E. Project Manager

C: Edwin Cooper, BCWD #1



Project Description:

The project is proposed as 102 apartments developed over and approximately 23 acre site. The apartments will be served by public water provided by Benton County Water District #1, Avoca, AR. The project plan has been developed with coordination with Wayne Allen, Manager of the Water District.

The wastewater system will consist of gravity collection sewer, designed by Shoemaker Haaland Engineers of Keokuk, Iowa. The wastewater treatment system will consist of two large settling tanks followed by a package trickling filter system with sludge collection and recycle to the primary tanks. The wastewater dispersal system will consist of a dosing tank to provide storage prior to dosing the treated wastewater into subsurface drip irrigation located on the property.

Design Basis:

The wastewater flow estimates were provided by Wayne Allen of Benton County Water District #1. Mr. Allen collected water usage records from other apartments in the Water District, and doubled the actual usage rates for the existing apartments. The per-unit usage (twice the per-unit usage for the existing apartments) was multiplied by the number of units in the Dixieland project to estimate the total daily wastewater flow for Dixieland Apartments.

The waster usage estimate is shown as Appendix A, and the calculation is shown below.

Per Unit water usage provided by Benton County Public Water District #1 for an existing apartment complex = 88.7 gallons per day per unit

Doubled rate = 166 gallons per day per unit.

Estimate for Dixieland Apartments = 192 units X 166 gallons per day per unit = 31,872 gallons per day.

This is considered a conservatively high estimate (twice the measured rate for existing apartments).

The treatment technology is a fixed-film, or attached growth process which can typically provide treatment when the system is hydraulically and organically under loaded.

Treatment System Components:

The treatment system consists of two large settling tanks, with each tank sized for 35,000 gallons nominal capacity. The tanks are followed by a flow splitter provided by

AquaPoint, the manufacturer of the BioClere treatment process. The flow splitter is followed by two model 36/30 BioClere treatment units in parallel. The treatment units have media for a fixed film process, and are constructed with an integral clarifier under the media for sludge (biomass) collection and recycle. The biomass is recirculated to the primary settling tanks by pumps within the BioClere unit that are provided as an integral part of the BioClere package. The treatment units are followed by a 5000 gallon dosing tank with 8 turbine pumps (4 duplex pump packages) sized to dose the treated wastewater to subsurface drip irrigation tubing. The wastewater will be dispersed into the soil for final dispersal.

Settling Tanks

The settling tanks are sized for 48 hours of wastewater flow. Forty-eight hours of daily flow is 63,744 gallons per day, however since the tanks are manufactured in set sizes, two- 35,000 gallon tanks will be used. This will provide 70,000 gallons of storage or approximately 53 hours of storage at the estimated average daily flow. The settling tanks will be fiberglass tanks manufactured under IAPMO standards and tested prior to installation. Ballast for the tanks will be constructed as concrete deadmen holding the tanks against buoyant forces by the use of straps over the tanks and onto the deadmen. The tanks are to be manufactured by Xerxes Corporation of Minneapolis, MN

Treatment Unit

The treatment unit will be a package trickling filter system known as BioClere, manufactured by AquaPoint, Inc. of New Bedford, MA. The flow splitter device to provide equal distribution between the two parallel BioClere units will also be provided by AquaPoint. The treatment units and the flow splitter are sized by AquaPoint, Inc. to treat a total of 35,000 gallons per day for each of the treatment units. The treatment system plans have been reviewed by an AquaPoint engineer to ensure that the design complies with the manufacturer's application requirements. The manufacturer has been informed of the burial depth of the units as well as the depth of the seasonal water table as determined by Glen Laurent, Professional Soil Classifier.

Dosing Tank and Pumps

The dosing tank is sized for 5000 gallons or approximately 4 hours of the total daily flow. Pumps from the dosing tank were sized by determining the flow required to dose the largest zones. Two cases were examined – the zone with the highest static head requirement, and the zone with the highest friction head requirement. The pumps were sized to provide flow and head to meet both situations. The pump sizing is shown in Appendix B, and is based upon the irrigation tubing manufacturer's suggested sizing criteria. Pumps will be duplexed, and each set of zones will be served by a duplex pump package in the dosing tank. Pumps are Zoeller model 5034-0010, 2 HP, 5-Stage, 230VAC pumps capable of approximately 45 gpm at 158 feet of head. The pumps,

floats, junction boxes, and pump vaults are to be as manufactured by the Zoeller Company, Louisville, KY.

Each duplex pump system will be followed by a magnetic flow meter (mag meter) capable of measureing and recording (totalizing) flows of approximately 45 gpm. The mag meter will be connected to a totalizing display in the control panel for the drip irrigation system.

Drip Irrigation System

Area requirements for the drip zones were determined by having the soil mapped by Glen Laurent, Arkansas Professional Soil Classifier # 21. Mr. Laurent determined the soil loading rates for drip irrigation in each of the areas, and his loading rates for the original areas set aside by the developers were submitted to Mr. Roy Davis of the Arkansas Department of Health for confirmation. After detailed design calculations and area sizing was performed, it was determined that the original area planned for drip irrigation would not provide enough irrigation area for 150% of the total daily flow. An additional 2.75 acres to the north of the property was purchased, and Mr. Laurent mapped that area. Both soil loading rate reports are provided as Appendices C and D of this report.

The loading rate to the area to the north of the property – zones 1-6 was determined by Taking the average of the loading rates determined for each pit. The individual loading rates for the pits ranged from 0.157 to 0.253, with an average of 0.194. Considering that the flow estimates for this project were derived from doubling actual flow rates from similar projects, it is not unreasonable to use a loading rate of 0.20 for all of the zones in the northern drip fields (zones 1 through 6). Also, a total area has been set aside to provide a 50% reserve area for drip irrigation.

The drip irrigation system is planned as zones of subsurface tubing manufactured by GeoFlow, Inc. of Sausalito, CA. drip tubing will be Wasteflow, drip irrigation tubing with pressure compensated emitters spaced 24 inches on center. Tubing will be placed as nearly on contour as possible with no more than one foot of elevation difference between the beginning and the end of each run. The laterals are sized for 3-inch PVC in order to minimize friction head loss. Each zone will be served by a supply lateral and a return lateral having sufficient diameters to provide the pressure and flows for dosing and flushing based upon the manufacturer's sizing guidelines and software. The Geoflow sizing charts and calculations are included as Appendix B of this report.

The drip irrigation system includes a head control box (Geoflow, Inc.) to screen (filter) the treated wastewater to a minimum of 100 microns. The head control box includes the screen filter, solenoids to provide a field flush and a screen filter flush, and piping, wiring, and fittings required to complete the head control box in its enclosure.

The drip irrigation system will also include mechanical zone valves to allow the pumps to supply treated wastewater to each of the zones based upon timed dosing.

Electrical/Electronic Controls

The BioClere wastewater treatment unit will include the electrical controls in a minimum of a NEMA 3R enclosure. The controls for the BioClere units will only control the functions of the BioClere unit.

The controls for the dosing tank, drip irrigation head control box, and displays for the mag meters will be enclosed in a separate enclosure meeting the minimum requirements of NEMA 3R. The controls for the dosing pumps will be set up to be programmable to provide scheduled doses ranging from 3 minutes to 60 minutes in a continuous range, and on a schedule ranging from every 15 minutes up to every 4 hours within a continuously selectable range.

The control panel enclosure will also include elapsed time meters and cycle counters for each pump. The panel will also include a display to show the total flow through each of the mag meters.

Appendix A

Water Usage Estimates
From
Benton County Water District #1

Benton County Water District # 1

P.O. Box 127 Avoca, AR 72711 Phone 1-479-636-0002 Fax 1-479-7676

Estimated Flow For Dixieland Apartments

Per Month	Estimated Monthly Flow per Unit 5,000	Number of Apartments 192	Monthly Flow 960,000	Daily Apartment Flow 32,000	Peak Factor 1.5 1.25	Estimated Daily Flow 48,000 40,000
Per Day	166.67)	Per Minute	22.22		
	Existing 1	6 Unit Apartn	nent Complex I	ocated on Rus	stic Drive	its and
	Actual				116	unit 2017 gal vait
ż	Avg. Monthly			Daily	710	doli
	Flow per	Number of	Actual Avg.	Apartment /	Реак	
•	Unit	Apartments	Monthly Flow	Flow	Factor	Daily Flow
Per Month	2,660	16	42,567	1,419	1.5	2,128
	308.1	god funit			1.25	1,774
Per Day	1089		Per Minute	0.99		·
	Gullons mo	athanil conton	sldal.unid			

Магк,

The above information on the 16 unit apartment complex are actual flows. The average monthly usage is based on a 10 month average. 11 months ago we installed a compound meter which measures both high flow and low flow, I feel the numbers are accurate.

Appendix B

Drip Field Pump Sizing

GEOFLOW Spreadsheets

Geoflow Subsurface Dripline Dispersal: Field Calculation

Job Description:	
Contact:	
Prepared by:	
Date:	June 23rd, 2003

Please fill in the shaded areas and drop down menus below:

Note. This worksheet can be found in Geoflow's Design and Installation Manual

Wörksheet-Field Design

		Dispersa	al Field	las	Dispersal Field as	
		Single Zone		Multiple Zones		
Numt	per of Zones			1	1	zone(s)
A)	Quantity of effluent to be disposed per day		3,7	00	3,700	gallons / day
B)	Hydraulic loading rate			0.2	0.2	gallons / sq.ft. / day
(C)	Determine total area required		18,5	00	18,500	square ft.
D)	Choose spacing between WASTEFLOW lines			2	2	ft.
D)	Choose spacing between WASTEFLOW emitters	2	ft.	▼	2	ft.
E)	Total linear ft.		9,2	50	9,250	each
F)	Total number of emitters		4,6	25	4,625	each
G)	Select Wasteflow dripline	Wasteflow PC - 1/2g	gph	~	Wasteflow PC 1/2 gph	dripline
H)	Pressure at the beginning of the dripfield	25	5 psi	•	25	psi
1)	Feet of Head at the beginning of the dripfield		57	.75	57.75	ft.
J)	What is the flow rate per emitter in gph?		C).53	0.53	gallons per hour
K)	Total flow for the area (gph)		2,4	51	2,451	gallons per hour
	Total flow for the area (gpm)		40).85	40.85	gallons per minute
L)	Select pipe diameters for manifolds and submains			3	2	inch
M)	Select Vortex Filter (item no.)	AP4E-150-3 (1.5in./3hole)		AP4E-150-3 (1.5in./3hole)		
N)	Maximum length of each WASTEFLOW line.			478	478	ft.
	For additional technical flow, pressure and flushing			•		
į	data please refer to Geoflow's Design Manual					
	and WASTEFLOW hydraulics worksheet.					

Check below to choose quantity and length of daily doses

Dosing		
Number of doses per day/zone:	12	5
Pump run time per dose/zone (minutes):	7.55	18.11 minutes
Pump run time per day/zone (hours):	1.51	1.51 hours / da
Pump run time per day/all zones (hours):	1.51	1.51 hours

Geoflow Subsurface Dispersal: Pump Size Calculation

Job Description:	0	
Contact:	0	
Prepared by:	0	
Date:	June 23rd, 2003	

Please fill in the shaded areas below:

Information automatically inserted is from the multiple zone column in Worksheet 1-Field Design

Note. This worksheet can be found in Geoflow's Design and Installation Manual

Worksheet - Pump Sizing

0)	Minimum pump capacity	40.85 gpm		
P)	Header pipe size	3 inch		
Q)	Pressure loss in 100 ft. of pipe	1.42 psi		
R)	Friction head in 100 ft. of pipe	3.28 ft.		
-				
S)	Static head			
	i) Height from pump to tank outlet	6 ft.		
	ii) Elevation increase or decrease	15 ft.		
T)	Total static head	21 ft.		
U)	Friction head			
	i) Equivalent length of fittings	100 ft.		
	ii) Distance from pump to field	640 ft.		
	iii) Total equivalent length of pipe	740 ft.		
	iv) Total effective feet	24.27348 ft.		
	v) Head required at dripfield	57.75 ft.		į
	vi) Headloss through filter or Headwork	25.41 ft.	11	psi
	vii) Head loss through zone valves	3.927 ft.	1.7	psi
V)	Total friction Head	111.36048		
W)	Total dynamic head	132.36 ft.		
X) Minimum pump capacity 40.85 gp		40.85 gpm		
Y)	Choose the pump	***		
	• •			

^{***} Note a few States + counties require additional flow for flushing. Please check your local regulifyou need assistance designing for this additional flow, please

- a. See Geoflow flushing worksheet or
- b. Contact Geoflow at 800-828-3388.

Geoflow Subsurface Dripline Dispersal: Field Calculation

Job Description:	
Contact:	
Prepared by:	
Date:	June 23rd, 2003

Please fill in the shaded areas and drop down menus below:

Note. This worksheet can be found in Geoflow's Design and Installation Manual

Worksheet : Field Design

		Dispersa Sir	al Field		Dispersal Field as Multiple Zones	
Numl	per of Zones			1	1	zone(s)
A)	Quantity of effluent to be disposed per day		3,7	00	3,700	gallons / day
B)	Hydraulic loading rate			0.2	0.2	gallons / sq.ft. / day
C)	Determine total area required		18,5	00	18,500	square ft.
D)	Choose spacing between WASTEFLOW lines			2	2	ft.
D)	Choose spacing between WASTEFLOW emitters	2	ft.	▼	2	ft.
E)	Total linear ft.		9,2	50	9,250	each
F)	Total number of emitters		4,6	25	4,625	each
G)	Select Wasteflow dripline	Wasteflow PC - 1/2g	gph	•	Wasteflow PC 1/2 gph	dripline
H)	Pressure at the beginning of the dripfield	25	5 psi	•	25	psi
I)	Feet of Head at the beginning of the dripfield		57	.75	57.75	ft.
J)	What is the flow rate per emitter in gph?		0	.53	0.53	gallons per hour
K)	Total flow for the area (gph)		2,4	51	2,451	gallons per hour
	Total flow for the area (gpm)		40	.85	40.85	gallons per minute
L)	Select pipe diameters for manifolds and submains	3		3	2	inch
M)	Select Vortex Filter (item no.)	AP4E-150-3 (1.5in./3hole)		ole)	AP4E-150-3 (1.5in./3hole)	
N)	Maximum length of each WASTEFLOW line.		4	478	478	ft.
	For additional technical flow, pressure and flushing					
l	data please refer to Geoflow's Design Manual					
	and WASTEFLOW hydraulics worksheet.			:		

Check below to choose quantity and length of daily doses

Dosing			
Number of doses per day/zone:	12	5	
Pump run time per dose/zone (minutes):	7.55	18.11	minutes
Pump run time per day/zone (hours):	1.51	1.51	hours / day
Pump run time per day/all zones (hours):	1.51	1.51	hours

Geoflow Subsurface Dispersal: Pump Size Calculation

Job Description:	0	
Contact:	0	
Prepared by:	0	
Date:	June 23rd, 2003	

Please fill in the shaded areas below:

Information automatically inserted is from the multiple zone column in 'Worksheet I-Field Design

Note. This worksheet can be found in Geoflow's Design and Installation Manual

Worksheet - Pump Sizing

O)	Minimum pump capacity	40.85 gpm		
P)	Header pipe size	2 inch		
Q)	Pressure loss in 100 ft. of pipe	1.42 psi		
R)	Friction head in 100 ft. of pipe	3.28 ft.		
S)	Static head			
	i) Height from pump to tank outlet	6 ft.		
	ii) Elevation increase or decrease	6 ft.		
T)	Total static head	12 ft.		
			**	
U)	Friction head		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>
	i) Equivalent length of fittings	100 ft.		
	ii) Distance from pump to field	1040 ft.		
	iii) Total equivalent length of pipe	1140 ft.		
	·		,	
	iv) Total effective feet	37.39428 ft.		
	v) Head required at dripfield	57.75 ft.		
	vi) Headloss through filter or Headwork	25.41 ft.	11 .	psi
	vii) Head loss through zone valves	3.927 ft.	1.7	psi
V)	Total friction Head	124.48128		
W)	Total dynamic head	136.48 ft.		
X)	Minimum pump capacity	40.85 gpm		
Y)	Choose the pump	***		

^{***} Note a few States + counties require additional flow for flushing. Please check your local regular ground in the please check your local regular ground in the please check your local regular ground gro

- a. See Geoflow flushing worksheet or
- b. Contact Geoflow at 800-828-3388.

Appendix C

Soil Investigation Report

For the South Part of the Project

Original Land Purchase

DIXIELAND APARTMENTS LITTLE FLOCK, ARKANSAS

SOIL INVESTIGATION REPORT WITH SOIL LOADING RATES FOR DRIP DISPERSAL SYSTEMS

Glen D. Laurent P.S.C. 206 S. Melody St. Lowell, Arkansas 72745 (479) 601-3844

Soil Investigation Report for <u>Dixieland Apartments, Little Flock, Arkansas</u>

By Glen D. Laurent
Professional Soil Classifier
Designated Representative

This report was made to provide information about the soils in the Dixieland Apartments Project area. The information includes a description of the soils and their location and a summary of the soil loading rates for Drip Dispersal Systems.

The Soils were described using guidelines from the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

The Soil Loading Rates were assigned using:

- 1. The Arkansas Department of Health publication, "Guidelines for the Design and Construction of Drip Dispersal Systems", version 1 (10-28-03).
- 2. Geoflow Design and Installation Manual 2000B

If the loading rates using the ADH guidelines exceeded the manufactures (Geoflow) loading rates for a soil type then the loading rates for the more restrictive soil type was used.

SUMMARY

DIXIELAND APARTMENTS SOIL LOADING RATES FOR DRIP DISPERSAL

SOIL PIT NO.	GAL/FT SQ/DAY
1	0.205
2	0.400
3	0.219
4	0.400
5	0.400
6	0.700
7	0.700
8	0.636
9	0.595
10	0.400
11	0.513
12	0.253
13	0.198
14	0.219
15	0.615
16	0.615
17	0.700

NOTE: This is pliminary data that has not been reviewed or approved by the Arkansas Dept of Health

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 1

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 1, 2004

A 0 to 10 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 15 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 10 to 21 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2 21 to 34 inches; reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) extremely cobbly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) iron depletions; 75 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 8 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 34 to 50 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) extremely gravelly silty clay (<49 % clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common yellowish red (5YR 4/6) clay films; 60 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 50 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
21 inches - Brief Duration
34 inches - Moderate Duration
30 inches - Adjusted Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.205 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 2

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 1, 2004

A 0 to 10 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 25 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 10 to 16 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 30 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 16 to 25 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 30 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Bt3 25 to 42 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly silty clay loam (<35 % clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 30 percent by volume soft chert 1 to 6 inches in diameter that can be cut with a spade, 10 percent by volume hard chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt4 42 to 60 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly silty clay (> 35 % clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; many shiny clay films; 55 percent by volume hard chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 60 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table

No seasonal water table observed

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.400 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 3

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 1, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 8 to 24 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very cobbly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 55 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 6 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

2Bt2 24 to 32 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very cobbly silty clay loam (> 35% clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; 45 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 8 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt3 32 to 50 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam (>35 % clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) iron depletions; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 50 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 32 inches – Moderate duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.219 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 4

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 1, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 25 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 9 to 22 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 45 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 22 to 33 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 30 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt3 33 to 60 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common shiny clay films; 10 % soft rock structure with some horizontal bedding; few pale brown (10YR 6/3) iron depletions around chert fragments; 30 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 60 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
33 inches – Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip dispersal Systems 0.400 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 5

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 15 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 15 to 26 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 26 to 48 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 45 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
No seasonal water observed

<u>Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems</u> 0.400 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 6

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 5 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

A2 9 to 20 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 7 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 20 to 31 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 15 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 31 to 48 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 45 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
No seasonal water observed

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0..700 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 7

PROFILE DESCRIPTION March 30, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 5 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Ab 9 to 22 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 40 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 22 to 34 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 45 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 34 to 52 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) extremely gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 65 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 52inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
No seasonal water observed

Soil Loading Rates for Drip dispersal Systems 0.700 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 8

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

- •A 0 to 9 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 1 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.
- **A2** 9 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1/4 to 1 inch in diameter; clear smooth boundary.
- **Ab 18 to 31 inches**; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1/4 to 1 inch in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.
- **Bt1 31 to 48 inches**; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common dark yellowish brown (10YR 3 /4) clay films; 35 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1/4 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
31 inches – Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.636 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 9

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 12 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 5 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Ab 12 to 29 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 45 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 29 to 36 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; common medium faint dark yellowish brown (10YR 3 /4) iron concentrations; 30 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 36 to 48 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common medium distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 3 /4) iron concentrations; 45 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 29 inches – Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for drip Dispersal Systems 0.595 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 10

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 25 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

E 8 to 14 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 14 to 24 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 10 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 24 to 41 inches; reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common shiny clay films; 25 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt3 41 to 48 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common shiny clay films; common black Mn stains on ped faces.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity

0 to 48 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 41 inches – Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.400 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 11

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 7 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 20 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

A2 7 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 35 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 18 to 25 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 25 to 35 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common medium distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) iron concentrations; 45 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt3 35 to 42 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and prominent light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) iron depletions; 50 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 6 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 42 inches - Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 25 inches – Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.513 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 12

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 7 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 3 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

Ab 7 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 3 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 16 to 27 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 5 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 27 to 37 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 35 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual wavy boundary.

2Bt3 37 to 42 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 42 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 37 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.253 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 13

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 10 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

E 9 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 30 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt1 23 to 32 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 32 to 44 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 42 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
23 inches – Brief Duration
32 inches – Moderate Duration

29 inches - Adjusted Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.198 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 14

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 9 to 18 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 18 to 32 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt3 32 to 46 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions and common medium distinct reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4) iron concentrations; 55 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 46 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table

32 inches - Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.219 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 15

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 15 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 2 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 15 to 30 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 45 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2 30 to 34 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) 45 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt3 34 to 48 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent brown (7.5YR 5/4) iron depletions; 55 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table

30 inches - Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip dispersal Systems 0.615 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 16

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 15 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 12 to 30 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt2 30 to 48 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common shiny dark red (2.5YR 3/6) clay films; 70 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 8 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table

30 inches - Brief Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip dispersal Systems 0.615 GPD/sq ft



Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 17

PROFILE DESCRIPTION April 2, 2004

A 0 to 14 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Ab 14 to 26 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 15 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 26 to 36 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 10 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 36 to 45 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) gravelly silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 15 percent by volume rounded chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter

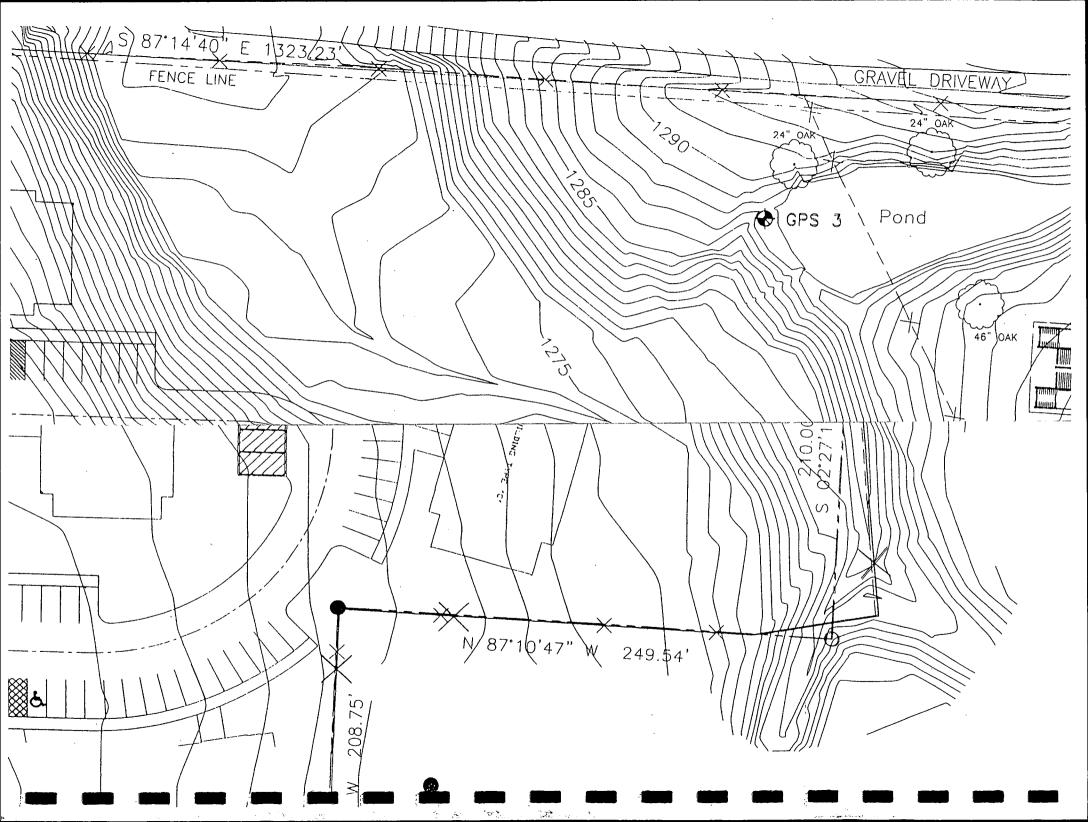
SYSTEM SIZING

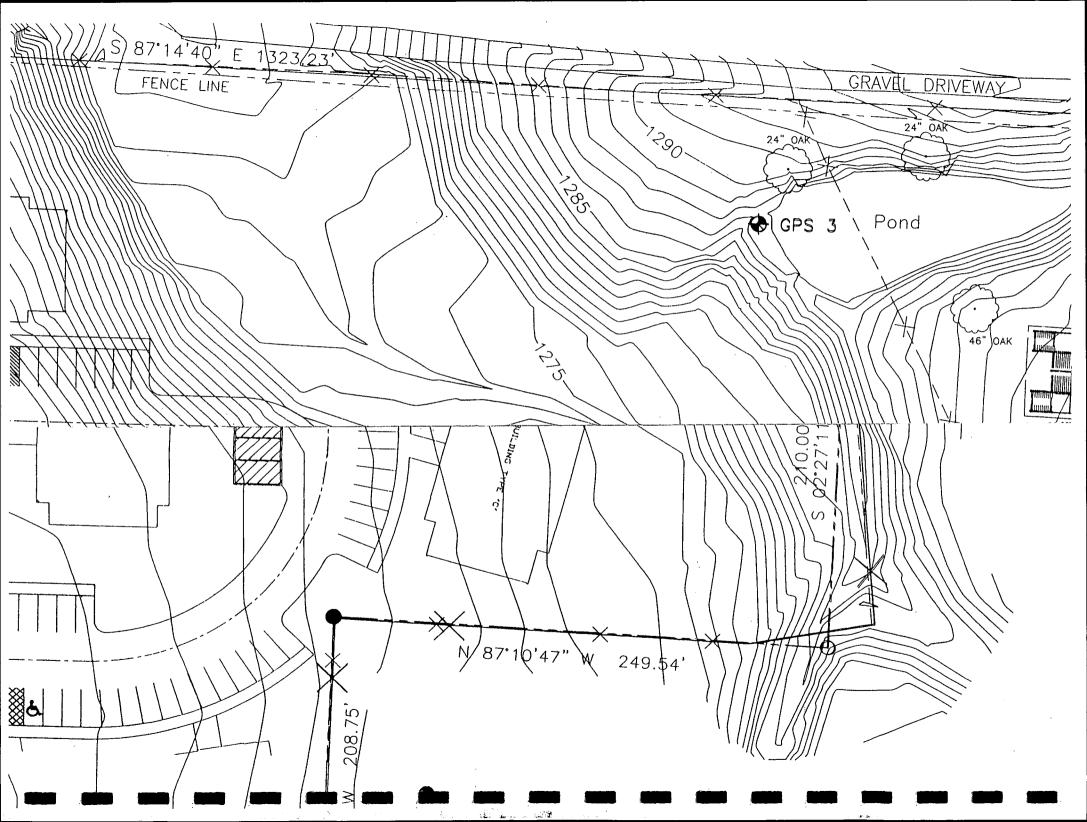
<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 45 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> No seasonal water observed

Soil Loading Rates for drip Dispersal Systems 0.700 GPD/sq ft







Appendix D

Soil Investigation Report

For the North 2.75 Acres of the Project

Additional Land Purchase

DIXIELAND APARTMENTS LITTLE FLOCK, ARKANSAS

SOIL INVESTIGATION REPORT NO. 2
WITH SOIL LOADING RATES FOR DRIP DISPERSAL SYSTEMS

Glen D. Laurent P.S.C. 206 S. Melody St. Lowell, Arkansas 72745 (479) 601-3844

Soil Investigation Report for Dixieland Apartments, Little Flock, Arkansas

By Glen D. Laurent Professional Soil Classifier Designated Representative

This report was made to provide information about the soils in the Dixieland Apartments Project area. The information includes a description of the soils and their location and a summary of the soil loading rates for Drip Dispersal Systems.

The Soils were described using guidelines from the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

The Soil Loading Rates were assigned using:

- 1. The Arkansas Department of Health publication, "Guidelines for the Design and Construction of Drip Dispersal Systems", version 1 (10-28-03).
- 2. Geoflow Design and Installation Manual 2000B

If the loading rates using the ADH guidelines exceeded the manufactures (Geoflow) loading rates for a soil type then the loading rates for the more restrictive soil type was used.

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 18

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

E 8 to 11 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 11 to 19 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 19 to 25 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 25 to 50 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common medium distinct reddish brown (5YR 4/4) and common medium prominent pale brown (10YR 6/3) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions.

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 50 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 25 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.171 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 19

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

E 5 to 11 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 11 to 20 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 20 to 34 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 34 to 54 inches; dark red (10R 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent strong brown. (7.5YR 4/6) and common medium prominent grayish brown (10YR 5/2) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions.

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 54 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 34 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.232 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 20

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 5 to 13 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 13 to 22 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt3 22 to 30 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt4 30 to 51 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 54 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 30 inches – Moderate Duration

<u>Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems</u> 0.205 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 21

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

A2 6 to 16 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt1 16 to 22 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt2 22 to 37 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 37 to 53 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 15 percent by volume pockets of soft chert that can be cut with a spade.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 53 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 37 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.253 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 22

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 9 to 15 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt2 15 to 23 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 23 to 48 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct yellowish red (5YR 4/6) and prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches - Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 23 inches – Moderate Duration

<u>Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems</u> 0.157 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 23

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

E/A 8 to 14 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam; discrete bodies of brown (10YR 4/3) A material in pockets, root channels and on faces of peds; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear wavy boundary.

Bt1 14 to 27 inches; dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common black stains on faces of peds; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2 27 to 48 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few black stains and few brown (7.5YR 4/4)iron depletions; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table

14 inches - Brief Duration

27 inches - Moderate Duration

23 inches – Adjusted Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.157 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 24

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 20 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear smooth boundary.

E 8 to 18 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt1 18 to 26 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; common medium distinct pale brown (10YR 6/3) iron depletions; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 4 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2 26 to 35 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) extremely cobbly silt loam; weak coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; patchy clay films; common medium distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions on rock faces; 75 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 10 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

2Bt3 35 to 40 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) extremely cobbly silty clay loam (> 35% clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent light brown (7.5YR 6/3) iron depletions; 60 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 10 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 40 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table

18 inches - Brief

26 inches - Moderate Duration

23 inches - Adjusted Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.157 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 25

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 6 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

A2 6 to 10 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt1 10 to 21 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 5 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; abrupt smooth boundary.

Bt2 21 to 26 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) extremely cobbly silty clay loam; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; 75 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 10 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

Bt3 26 to 36 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) extremely cobbly silty clay loam; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) iron depletions, common medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) and grayish brown (10YR 5/2) iron depletions on faces of rocks; 80 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 10 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

<u>Hydraulic Conductivity</u> 0 to 53 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
26 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.178 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 26

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 17, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 9 to 17 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt2 17 to 28 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; 5 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 28 to 45 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) and brown (10YR 5/3) iron depletions; 50 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 8 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 45 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 28 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.191 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 27

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 22, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Bt/A 8 to 20 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; discrete bodies of brown (10YR 4/3) A material in pockets, root channels and on faces of peds; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2 20 to 28 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; few discrete bodies of brown (10YR 4/3) A material in root channels; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 2 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt3 28 to 32 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; common medium distinct light brownish brown (10YR 6/4) iron depletions and few medium prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) iron concentrations; 40 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt4 32 to 38 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) extremely gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; 65 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt5 38 to 48 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) extremely cobbly silty clay (<49% clay); moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and brown (7.5YR 5/3) iron depletions; 65 percent by volume chert fragments 3 to 10 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
28 inches - Brief
32 inches - Moderate Duration
31 inches - Adjusted Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.212 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 28

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 22, 2004

A 0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.

Bt1 8 to 18 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; patchy clay films; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt2 18 to 32 inches; strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt3 32 to 40 inches; yellowish red (5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium distinct strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) iron depletions and dark red (2.5YR 3/6) iron concentrations; 2 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt4 40 to 46 inches; red (2.5YR 4/6) silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) and light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions;10 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter.

SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 46 inches – Moderate

Seasonal Water Table
32 inches - Brief
40 inches - Moderate Duration
37 inches - Adjusted Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.253 GPD/sq ft

Benton County, Arkansas

Soil Pit No. 29

PROFILE DESCRIPTION May 22, 2004

A 0 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam; weak medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 1 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual smooth boundary.

E 9 to 17 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; 2 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

Bt1 17 to 24 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; friable; common clay films; 30 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; gradual wavy boundary.

Bt2 24 to 32 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/4) very gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very firm; common clay films; common medium distinct light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) iron depletions; 45 percent by volume chert fragments 1 to 3 inches in diameter; clear wavy boundary.

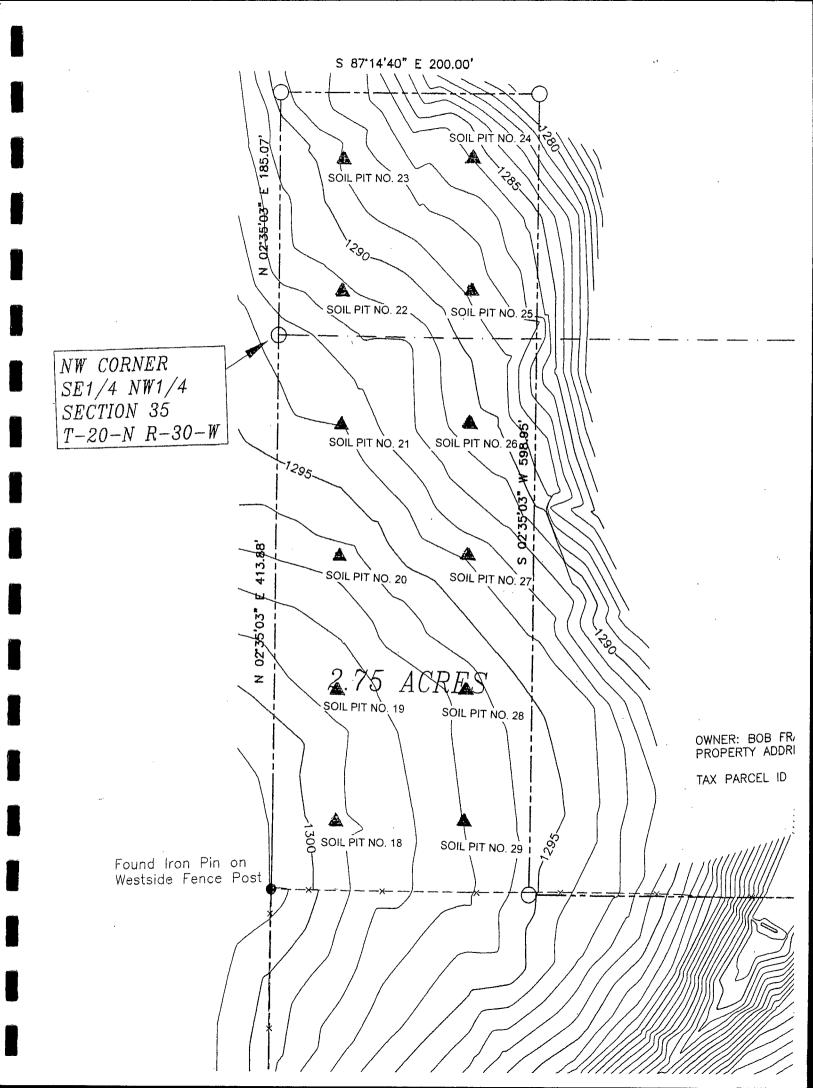
Bt3 32 to 48 inches; dark red (2.5YR 3/6) gravelly silty clay loam; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; common clay films; common medium prominent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and brown 7.5YR 4/4) iron depletions; common black stains on ped faces in upper part of horizon.

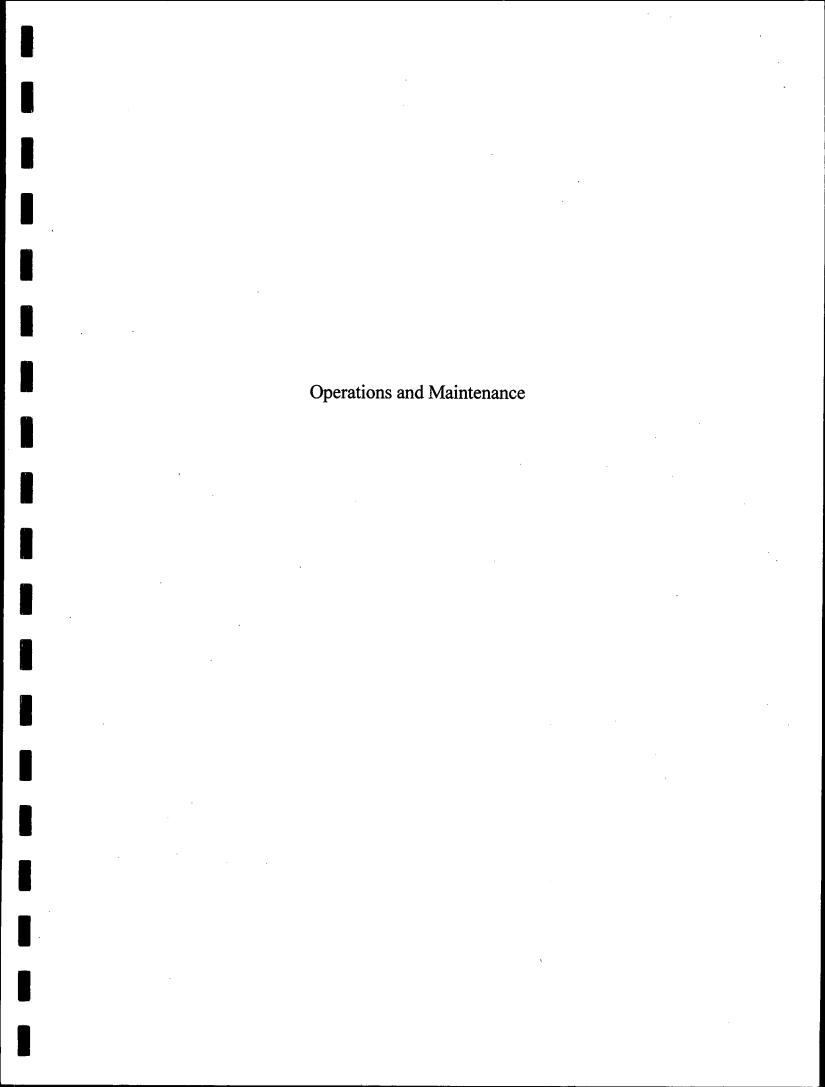
SYSTEM SIZING

Hydraulic Conductivity
0 to 48 inches – Moderate

<u>Seasonal Water Table</u> 24 inches – Moderate Duration

Soil Loading Rates for Drip Dispersal Systems 0.164 GPD/sq ft





4.0 START-UP

NOTE: During installation the Bioclere sump(s) should be filled with clean water. Care should be taken to prevent foreign matter/debris from entering the unit(s).

- 4.1 Check that the Bioclere sump is full to the outlet invert and that all plumbing unions are connected.
- 4.2 At the Bioclere turn the fan module switch to "OFF". (This disconnects the pumps and fan.)
- 4.3 At the Bioclere controls set the timers as follows:

	<u>ON</u>	<u>OFF</u>
Dosing	3 sec.	3 sec.
Recycle	6 sec.	6 sec.

- 4.4 Turn alarm switch to "OFF".
- 4.5 Tum dosing pumps and recycle pump switch to "OFF".
- 4.6 Turn Bioclere control main power switch "ON". Green power light should be "ON".
- 4.7 Turn dosing pump #1 to manual. Green light should be on. Turn back off.
- 4.8 Turn dosing pump #2 to manual. Green light should be on. Turn back off.
- 4.9 Turn recycle pump to manual. Green light should be on. Turn back off.
- 4.10 Turn dosing pump switches (both) to <u>normal</u>. Dosing pump timer green light should be steady <u>on</u>, red light should be <u>on</u> 3 seconds, <u>off</u> 3 seconds, etc. Alternating relay lights should switch from red to green every 6 seconds. Each dosing pump green light should be <u>on</u> for 3 seconds, <u>off</u> for 9 seconds. Leave both dosing pump switches <u>normal</u>.
- 4.11 Turn recycle switch to <u>normal</u>. Recycle green light should be <u>on</u> for 6 seconds then <u>off</u> 6 seconds, etc. Recycle timer green light should be steady <u>on</u>, red light <u>on</u> 6 seconds, <u>off</u> 6 seconds, etc. Leave recycle pump switch on <u>normal</u>.
- 4.12 Turn alarm switch to "ON". Alarm should sound. Press alarm reset button on bottom of control box, audio alarm should silence, red alarm light should remain illuminated. Turn alarm switch to "OFF", red alarm light should go "OFF".
- 4.13 Go to Bioclere unit and turn fan module switch to <u>on</u>. Fan should be on steady. Dosing pumps should be <u>on</u> 3 seconds, <u>off</u> 3 seconds. Recycle pump should be <u>on</u> 6 seconds, <u>off</u> 3 seconds. (Observe operation with telltale hole near recycle union at top of central shaft. Leave fan module switch <u>on</u>).
- 4.14 Return to Bioclere control panel. Turn alarm switch from off to test. Alarm should sound. Turn alarm switch from test to on. Alarm should be silent.
- 4.15 Turn Bioclere main power switch to <u>off</u>. Set dosing pump and recycle pump timers to settings specified in Section 2.5 "PUMP TIMER SETTINGS".

- 4.16 Turn Bioclere main power switch to on.
- 4.17 At Bioclere close and secure fan box and Bioclere lid.

5.0 PLANT SHUTDOWN

- No action need be taken if there is a temporary cessation of flow to the plant for a period of time which does not exceed up to twelve weeks. Leave the plant in operation with power "ON".
- 5.2 If it is anticipated that cessation of flow the following shut down procedure will apply:
 - A. On Bioclere control panel turn recycle pump switch to <u>manual</u> position for 2 minutes. Return switch to <u>normal</u> position.
 - B. Turn the main power switch off.
- 5.3 Upon resumption of wastewater flow to the plant the Bioclere should be re-started as described in Section 4.

6.0 MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

6.1 BIOCLERE MAINTENANCE

NOTE: Turn the main power switch to "OFF" before servicing the pump, fan or electrical panel box. The Aquapoint Field Service Report is provided to facilitate Bioclere maintenance and to provide a thorough check of Bioclere components.

Standard Quarterly Maintenance:

- 1. Check general condition/appearance of unit.
- 2. Check vent flow, odor.
- 3. Check general condition of fan box including internal and external wiring, lock, latch, gaskets, etc.
- 4. Check quiet fan operation.
- 5. Check condition of cover locks, latches, gaskets.
- 6. Check and characterize biomass.
- 7. Check recycle pump operation, timing, effluent clarity and spray pattern.
- 8. Check dosing pumps operation, timing, effluent clarity and spray pattern.
- 9. Check general condition of dosing assembly.
- 10. Check general condition of control box including locks, gaskets, etc.
- 11. Check control box switches, alarms, timers, etc.
- 12. Complete and maintain service report file.

6.3 PROCESS CONTROL for CARBONACEOUS BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (CBOD₅) REMOVAL with the BIOCLERE SYSTEM:

Wastewater flows from the primary settling tank into a baffled chamber in the clarifier of the Bioclere. Dosing pumps located in this clarifier intermittently dose the PVC filter media bed with the wastewater.

In the Bioclere trickling filter the organic material in the wastewater is reduced by a population of microorganisms, which attach to the filter media and form a biological slime layer. Aerobic microorganisms accomplish treatment in the outer portion of the slime layer. As the microorganisms multiply the biological film thickens and diffused oxygen and organic substrate are consumed before penetrating the full depth of the slime layer. Consequently the biological film develops aerobic, anoxic and anaerobic zones.

Absent oxygen and a sufficient organic carbon source (CBOD5) the microorganisms near the media surface lose their ability to cling to the media. The wastewater flowing over the media washes the slime layer off the media and a new slime layer begins to form. This process of losing the slime layer is called "sloughing" and it is primarily a function of organic and hydraulic loading on the filter. This natural process allows a properly designed media bed to be self-purging and maintenance free.

The sloughed biomass settles to the bottom of the clarifier as sludge. This secondary sludge is periodically pumped back to the primary tank to enhance the digestion and denitrification processes, which is further discussed in **Section 6.3.2 below**.

6.3.1 Bioclere Trickling Filter Dosing Rates:

The Bioclere uses two alternating dosing pumps to distribute wastewater over the trickling filter. It is critical to periodically clean the nozzles of excess biomass using a bottlebrush to ensure uniform distribution. The Bioclere dosing rates that were set at the time of commissioning are listed in **Section 2.0** of this manual. The dosing rates are set so that the flow of water and pollutants (CBOD5 and ammonium) over the biofilm are maximized. This in turn, will maximize the pollutant removal efficiencies and facilitate biomass sloughing through the filter. Therefore, it is **not necessary** to adjust the dosing timers. In fact, the dosing timers should only be adjusted if the Bioclere receives little or no flow for extended periods.

6.3.2 Bioclere Recirculation Rates:

Recirculation of sludge and treated effluent is accomplished in each unit using a submersible stainless steel pump controlled by a fully adjustable timer. The biological solids generated in the filter are returned to the sludge storage facility at regular intervals, typically every hour. Therefore, the sludge will not collect in the secondary settling tank and a sludge blanket will not form.

The benefits of sludge and treated effluent re-circulation are numerous and include: 1) removal of biological sludge from the Bioclere so that only the primary tank(s) need periodic pumping, 2) dilution of the influent pollutant concentrations, which results in a thinner and more effective biofilm on the media bed, 3) reduction or near elimination of odors in the primary tanks and the treatment components, 4) dilution of biological inhibitors (cleaning agent, sanitizers, etc.) that may exist in the wastewater, 5) attainment of nitrogen removal through denitrification due to the recirculation of nitrate to the primary tank.

The recirculation rates that were set at the time of commissioning are listed in **Section 2.0** of this manual. These rates may need adjusting depending on the 1) actual average daily flow, and 2) actual measured strength of the wastewater (concentrations of influent BOD5, TKN etc.). Please contact AQUAPOINT prior to adjusting the recirculation rates.

In a two stage Bioclere system the first unit is typically set to return only the biological sludge generated in the reduction of CBOD5. The second stage unit is set to run several minutes each hour to return biological sludge and treated effluent in order to maximize treatment efficiency.

6.4 PROCESS CONTROL for NITROGEN REMOVAL with the BIOCLERE SYSTEM (if applicable):

Below is a brief description of how nitrogen removal is accomplished in the Bioclere units. Generally BOD removal occurs in the first stage Bioclere unit and a majority of nitrification in the second stage Bioclere. However, if the actual wastewater flow is less than the design flow, signifigant nitrification will occur in the first stage Bioclere unit.

6.4.1 Nitrification:

Nitrification is the sequential biological oxidation of NH₄-N, first to nitrite (NO₂-N) by *Nitrosomonas* bacteria then to nitrate (NO₃-N) by *Nitrobacter* bacteria according to the following overall equation: $2NH_4^+ + 2O_2 \rightarrow NO_3^- + 2H^+ + H_2O$

Oxidation of 1 mg/l of NH₄-N requires approximately 4.6 mg/l of dissolved oxygen and produces acid resulting in the consumption of approximately 7.1 mg alkalinity as CaCO₃/mg NH₄-N oxidized. Alkalinity is the inorganic carbon source nitrifying bacteria required to oxidize ammonia. *Therefore it is critical that alkalinity is monitored on a regular basis to ensure complete nitrification.* Alkalinity concentrations in the Bioclere effluent must remain above 75 mg/l as CaCO3 to allow nitrification to proceed. If the alkalinity drops below this value, it is likely that nitrification will be inhibited and the effluent will not meet permit requirements. It is best to measure the alkalinity in the Bioclere effluent using a field test kit each time you are onsite to inspect the treatment system. Bioclere effluent can be collected from the final pump chamber or the sampling port that is located on top of the Bioclere unit (see the Bioclere general arrangement drawing located in Appendix A for the sampling port location). The sampling port is a 4" diameter PVC pipe that extends approximately 10' through the trickling filter to the effluent in the clarifier. Effluent can be collected with a bailer.

Alkalinity is generally added in the form of baking soda (sodium bicarbonate). It can be purchased as a powder in 50-pound bags. A solution can be mixed using the alkalinity mixing setup that has been included with the treatment equipment. Solution dosing is accomplished using a variable speed Masterflex chemical feed pump, which is controlled with a timer in the Bioclere control panel. Dosing should be set to run several minutes each hour. For a detailed description of the chemical feed installation and operational requirements refer to the site plans and *Appendix E* of this manual. Contact Aquapoint if assistance is required to determine the alkalinity-dosing rate.

Please note that nitrifying bacteria require a stable and consistent environment because of their sensitivity to numerous inhibitory and toxic substances and an array of environmental factors including temperature, pH, dissolved oxygen, and alkalinity. If nitrification is not being achieved then it will be necessary to verify the influent average daily flow, pH, BOD5, TSS, TKN. It may also be necessary to conduct an inventory of the type and quantity of any and all cleaning and process solutions that are used that may impact the microorganisms in the Bioclere units.

6.4.2 Denitrification:

Dissimilating denitrification, the biological reduction of nitrate (NO_3 -N) to nitrite (NO_2 -N) and ultimately nitrogen gas in an anoxic environment (dissolved oxygen <0.5 mg/l), involves the transfer of electrons from a reduced electron donor (organic carbon substrate) to an oxidized electron acceptor (NO_3 -N). It is an important reaction as it restores approximately 3.57 mg alkalinity/mg of NO_3 -N reduced, and partially offsets the effects of nitrification in a combined nitrification/denitrification process. The microorganisms responsible for completing the reaction are facultative heterotrophic aerobes contained in the wastewater that are also responsible for CBOD₅ oxidation in the Bioclere.

Denitrification in the Bioclere system is accomplished by periodically recirculating secondary sludge and treated nitrified effluent to the septic tank which provides an anoxic environment. Recirculation typically occurs several minutes every hour via a timer in the control panel. See **Section 2** of this manual for Bioclere recycle and dosing rates. For typical residential strength wastewater, recirculation of treated effluent from the Bioclere to the septic tank will achieve <12 mg/l of total nitrogen. This is due to the fact that weight ratios of carbon to

nitrate, measured as BOD:NO₃-N in the influent wastewater are usually greater than the generally accepted ratio of 2:4 in which denitrification has been proven to proceed without an external carbon source such as methanol.

However, many commercial applications will require a carbon source such as methanol. If required, a carbon dosing rate of approximately 3:1 (COD carbon source: NO3 in wastewater) is required to complete

Carbon is often added in the form of methanol or a 20% methanol solution. However many other organic carbon sources can be used including glucose (sugar), sodium acetate, soda syrup etc. If the carbon source is not purchased in pre-mixed drums, a solution can be made-up using the mixing setup that has been included with the treatment equipment. Carbon dosing is accomplished using a variable speed Masterflex chemical feed pump, which is controlled with a timer in the Bioclere control panel. Dosing should be set to run several minutes each hour. For a detailed description of the chemical feed installation and equipment operational requirements refer to the site plans and *Appendix E* of this manual. Contact Aquapoint if assistance is required to determine the carbon-dosing rate.

If the effluent dissolved oxygen concentrations from the anoxic reactor exceed 0.5 mg/l, denitrification may be inhibited. In isolated instances, this has been documented to occur during extreme cold weather periods. If this occurs, the Bioclere fan size can be reduced to compensate for the increased dissolved oxygen levels. If the condition persists, an oxygen scavenging agent can be dosed into the Post Equalization tank to uptake the residual dissolved oxygen. Please contact Aquapoint if this condition is experienced.

How do I know when a carbon source is needed?

You must monitor the nitrate in the septic tank effluent tee with a nitrate field test kit. When nitrate is consistently >3 mg/l in the septic tank effluent, it is necessary to add an organic carbon source to the influent side of the septic tank to achieve denitrification. You should also measure the dissolved oxygen. For denitrification to proceed a dissolved oxygen level of <0.5 mg/l is required in the septic tank effluent.

7.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING

7.1 Before conducting any repair work on the fan or pump, replacing fuses, or doing any work on the panel or fan module:

SWITCH THE MAIN POWER PANEL SWITCH TO "OFF" - and follow applicable "lock out", "tag out" procedures.

FAULT	POSSIDI E CALICE	OODDECT!
	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Fan not working	Power failure	Check fuse and replace if necessary.
	Fan motor failure	Check wiring and terminal connections. Replace fan if necessary.
Dosing pump not working	Power failure	Check circuit breaker.
	Pump not submerged	Check that pump is fully submerged.
	Timer control failure.	Check that power switch is "ON". Replace timer if necessary.
	Pump failure	Replace pump.
Excessive build-up of biomass	Plant overload	Check that hydraulic and organic load are within design limits. Contact Aquapoint Inc. if capacity is to be increased.
	High sludge or grease levels in primary tanks.	Check sludge levels in each unit and de-sludge as necessary.
Elevated solids concentration in final effluent.	High sludge level in Bioclere sump.	Check pump and timer control. De-sludge by pumper if necessary.
	Excess shedding of biomass.	investigate and eliminate any source of biofilm poisoning such as disinfectant, household bleach, acids, etc. showing up in waste.
Odorous	Inefficient treatment.	Check that dosing assembly sprinkles evenly over media surface. Clean dosing assembly.
	Inadequate air supply	Check fan and air intake. See "fan not working" above.

FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDIAL ACTION
	Primary tank clogged.	Check inlet and outlet pipes and sludge level. De-sludge as necessary.

8.0 FINAL EFFLUENT QUALITY PROBLEMS

8.1 HIGH SUSPENDED SOLIDS.

If effluent solids concentrations are exceeded, carry out the following checks:

Check operation of recycle pump from telltale near the top of the central shaft.

- 2. Examine primary settlement tank. If excessive sludge or floating matter in the chamber is discharging to the Bioclere arrange for the primary tank to be de-sludged. (See Section 2.6, 2.7)
- 3. If the sludge recycle pump has been out of operation for more than 8 weeks, the Bioclere sump should be de-sludged.

8.2 HIGH B.O.D. (BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND)

If effluent levels are exceeded carry out the following checks:

- 1. Check for signs of excessive sludge in the primary tanks. (See Section 2.6, 2.7)
- 2. Check that the fan is operating continuously and that the air inlet to the fan is unobstructed. Clean and replace as necessary.
- Check that the dosing assembly is clean and that the effluent is being distributed evenly to the filter media.
- Check whether the loading to the plant has increased beyond the design basis. Consult Aquapoint Inc. if loading has increased.
- 5. Ensure that there are no toxic or concentrated cleansing chemicals being discharged to the plant.

8.3 HIGH NH₃N (AMMONIA-NITROGEN)

Carry out check procedure as for Item 8.2 B.O.D.

For additional assistance contact:

AQUAPOINT

241 Duchaine Blvd.
New Bedford, MA 02745
Tel. 508-998-7577
Fax 508-998-7177

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E-mail: aquapoint@aquapoint.com

APPENDIX B

PLC CONTROL PANEL INSTRUCTIONS FOR OPERATION

OF

BIOCLERE

Wastewater Treatment System

BIOCLERE ELECTRICAL INFORMATION

1. **ELECTRICAL SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS:**

Each Bioclere unit requires a separate 230/1/60 supply rated for 30 amps. If two or more units are inside a single enclosure each should have a dedicated supply run to it.

2. WIRING:

A licensed electrical contractor is responsible for wiring to meet local, state and federal codes as applicable.

Grounds are provided in both the Bioclere main control panel and fan module which must be wired to earth ground.

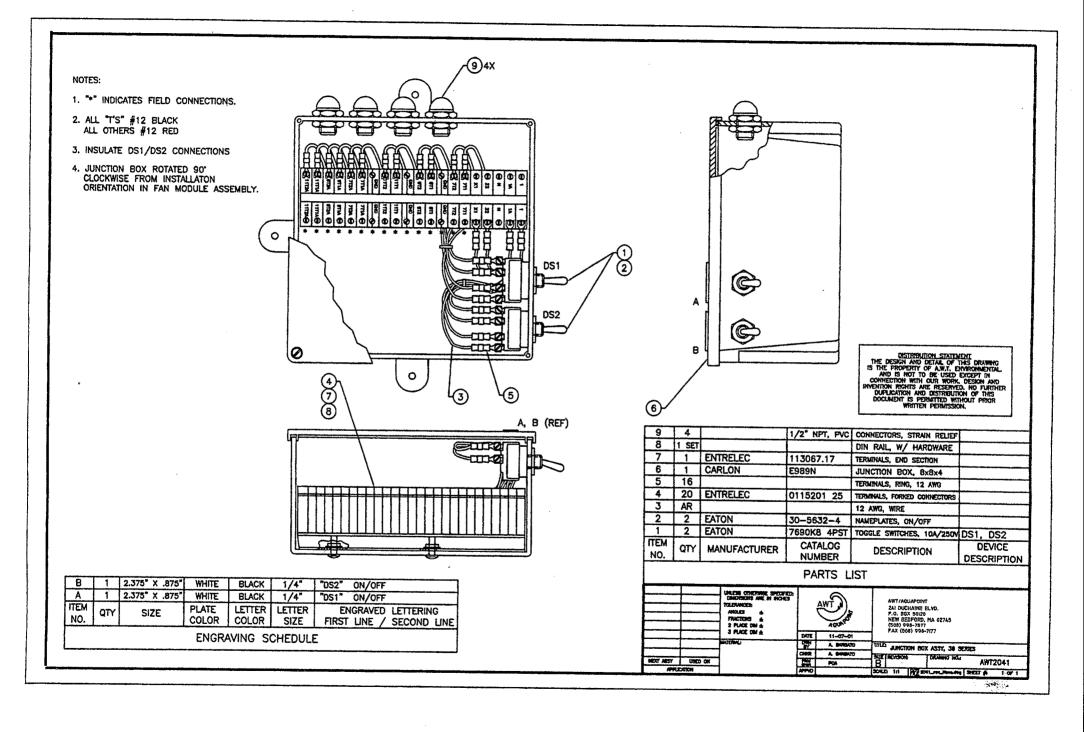
All fittings, connections, etc. are to be weatherproof, watertight construction.

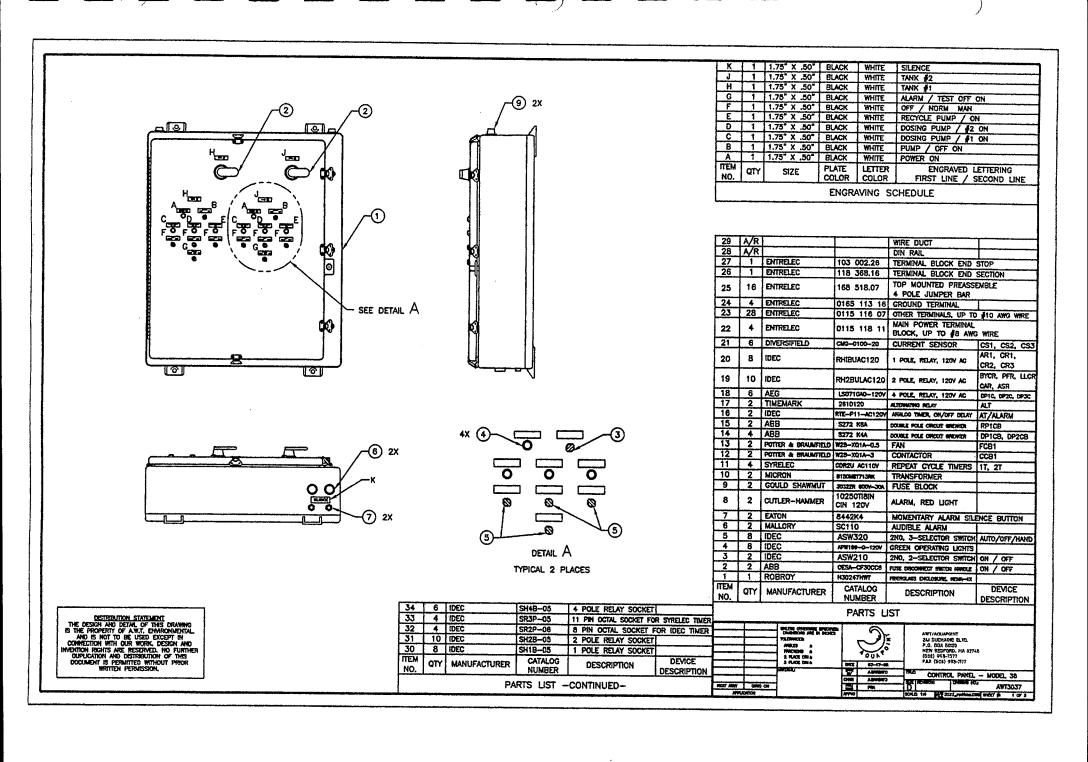
#12 wire is sufficient for all motor connections.

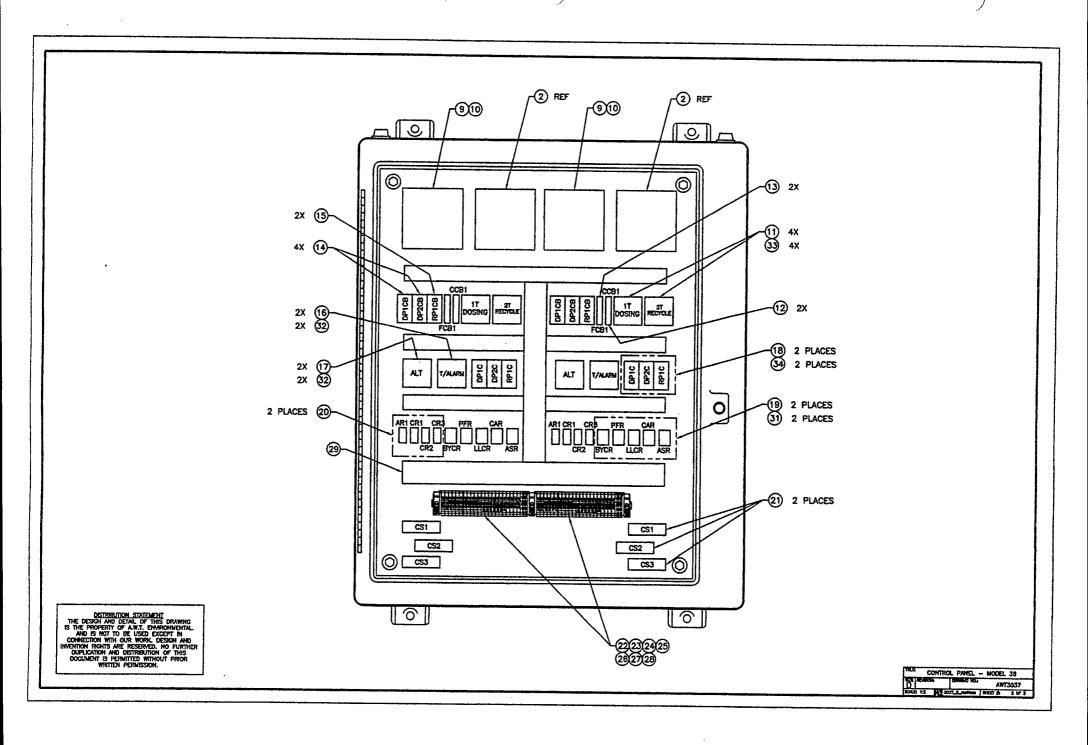
In the event more than one system is located in an enclosure, wire numbers are prefixed by $AA \cong$ on the first system, "B" on the second, etc. Aquapoint would recommend care be taken not to mix wires between systems.

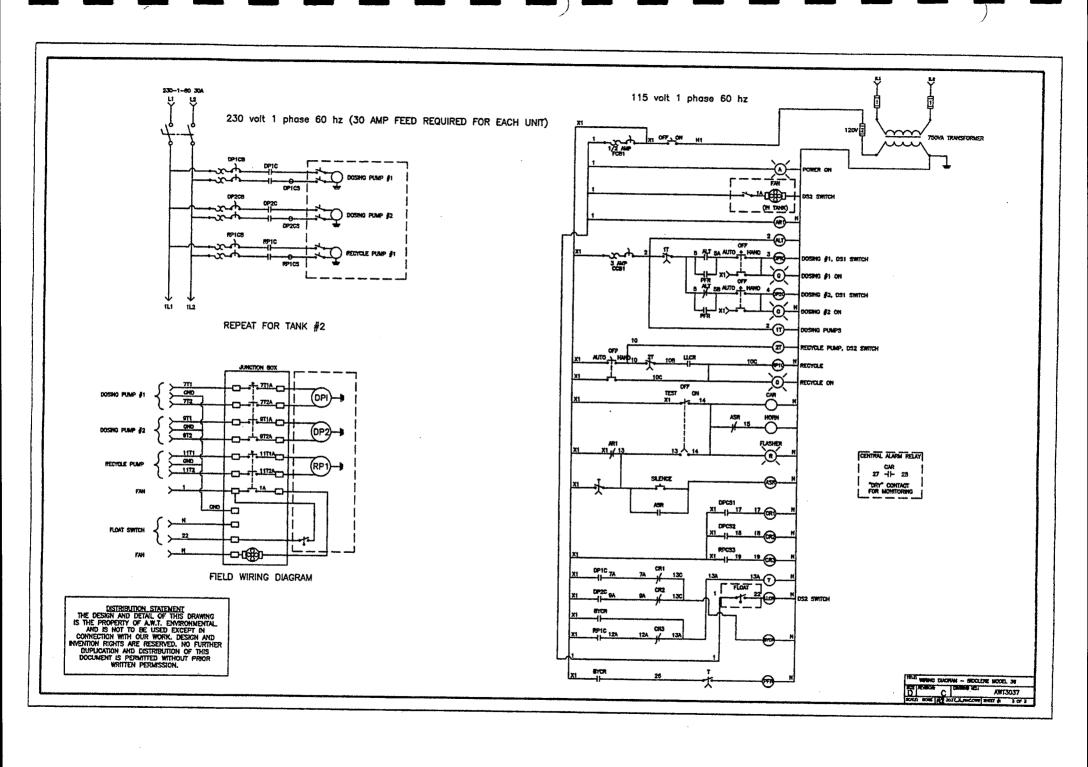
3. **OPERATION:**

- A. Normal Operation: The Bioclere unit will normally operate without any need for supervision. However, from time to time conditions may occur which activate the audible/visual alarms and require correction.
- B. Alarms provided: Each Bioclere system has a separate set of alarms which consist of a flasher light on top, and an "ON/OFF/TEST" switch on the front panel. The "ON/OFF/TEST" switch should always be in the "ON" position, otherwise the alarms are disabled. The "TEST" position is for test of the visual/audible alarms. The "OFF" position should only be used during servicing by authorized personnel.









ALARM CONDITIONS/TROUBLESHOOTING

NOTE: This is not intended to be an exhaustive list, rather, an aid to solving problems that may occur.

Causes of alarms may be isolated by determining if a breaker has tripped, a fuse has blown, and if any AR contact is opened under power. Below is a list of alarm relays with the components that are effected.

ALARM RELAY	DEVICES AFFECTED	ACTION/REMEDY
AR1*	"POWER ON" light fan in tank F1 C.B.	Check fan for overload/blockage. Replace C.B.
AR2	Dosing pump timer ALT, 1C, 2C	Determine cause of overload. Replace C.B.
AR3	#1 dosing pump, #1 dosing pump light breaker tripped	Check pump, determine cause of overload, reset breaker.
AR4	#2 dosing pump, #2 dosing pump light breaker tripped	Check pump, determine cause of overload, reset breaker.
AR5	Recycle pump, recycle pump light breaker tripped	Check pump, determine cause of overload, reset breaker.
CR1*	#1 dosing pump	Check pump/wiring.
CR2*	#2 dosing pump	Check pump/wiring.
CR3*	Recycle pump	Check pump/wiring.

NOTE:

- AR1 operate (drop out) when power is interrupted or when fuse/CB is tripped.
 CR1-CR3 operate (drop out) when CSR relays do not sense proper motor load when motor should be running.
- 2. All pertain to Model 22, 24 and 30 series Bioclere units.
- 3. * pertain to Model 36 series Bioclere units only.

SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

The best way to assure years of trouble free life from your system is to continuously monitor the system and to perform regular maintenance functions. For large systems or systems with a BOD > 30 mg/l automation of maintenance is essential. For smaller systems with a BOD < 30 mg/l inspection and maintenance should be performed every six months.

ROUTINE AND PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

- 1) Clean the filter cartridge. This may be done with a pressure hose. The screen filter cartridge should be cleaned from the outside inwards, while the discs in the disc filter cartridge should be separated and then cleaned. If bacteria buildup is a problem, we advise first trying lye, and if the problem persists, soak the filter cartridge in a chlorine bath a mixture of 50% bleach and 50% water.
- 2) Open the field flush valve and flush the field for 3-5 minutes by activating the pump in "manual" position. Close the flush valve. On automatic solenoid valves the manual bleed lever should always be in the closed position and the dial on top should be free spinning. This allows it to open when pulsed electrically. Clockwise rotation closes valve.
- 3) With the pump in the "manual" position, check the pressure in the drip field by using a pressure gauge on the schrader valve located on the air vents and by reading the pressure gauge located in the Wasteflow Headworks box. The pressure should be the same as shown on the initial installation records. On systems with manual flush valves, close the field flush valve completely and then open the valve slightly until there is a 1-2 psi drop or design pressure is reached. This will allow the field to drain after each dose to prevent the manifold lines from freezing.
- 4) Remove the lids on the vacuum breaker and check for proper operation. If water is seen leaking from the top of the vacuum breaker, remove the cap of the vacuum breaker and press down on the ball to allow any debris to be flushed out. Be careful not to come in contact with the effluent.
- 5) Turn off the pump and reset the controller for auto mode.
- 6) Periodically remove and clean the air vents, field flush and filter flush valves.
- 7) Visually check and report the condition of the drip field, including any noticeable wetness.
- 8) Treatment and distribution tanks are to be inspected routinely and maintained when necessary in accordance with their approvals.
- 9) Record the elapsed time meter, pump counter, override counter, high-level alarm and power failures. This information can be obtained from the controller.

TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE:

Symptom: High water alarm activates periodically (1-2 times/week). During other times the water level in the pump chamber is at a normal level.

Possible cause: Peak water usage (frequently laundry day) is causing a temporary high water condition to occur.

Remedy: Set timer to activate the pump more frequently. Be sure to not exceed the total design flow. To avoid this, reduce the duration of each dose.

Remedy: Provide a larger pump tank to accommodate the peak flow periods.

Symptom: High water alarm activates during or shortly after periods of heavy rainfall.

Possible cause: Infiltration of ground/surface water into system.

Remedy: Identify sources of infiltration, such as tank seams, pipe connections, risers, etc. Repair as required.

Symptom: High water alarm activates intermittently, including times when it is not raining or when laundry is not being done.

<u>Possible cause</u>: A toilet or other plumbing fixture may be leaking sporadically but not continuously. Check water meter readings for 1-2 weeks to determine if water usage is unusually high for the number of occupants and their lifestyle. Also determine if water usage is within design range.

Remedy: Identify and repair fixture.

Symptom: High water alarm activates continuously on a new installation (less than 3 months of operation). Inspection of the filter indicates it is plugged with a gray colored growth. Water usage is normal. being done.

<u>Possible cause</u>: Slow start-up of treatment plant resulting in the presence of nutrient in the effluent sufficient to cause a biological growth on the filter. This is typical of lightly loaded treatment plants that receive a high percentage of gray water (i.e., from showers and laundry),

Remedy: Remove and clean filter cartridge in a bleach solution. Add a gallon of household bleach to pump tank to oxidize organics. Contact treatment plant manufacturer for advice on speeding up the treatment process possibly by "seeding" the plant with fresh activated sludge from another treatment plant.

Symptom: Water surfaces continuously at one or more isolated spots, each one foot or more in diameter.

<u>Possible cause</u>: Damaged drip line or a loose connection is allowing water be discharged under pressure and therefore at a much greater volume than intended.

Remedy: Dig up drip line. Activate pump and locate leak. Repair as required.

Possible cause: If water is at base of slope, can be caused by low-head drainage.

Remedy: Install check valves and airvents in the manifolds to redistribute water in the system after pump is turned off. This is not advised for freezing climates where manifold drainage is required.

Symptom: A portion of the drip field closest to the feed manifold is saturated while the rest of the field is dry.

Possible cause: Insufficient pump pressure. A pressure check at the return manifold indicates pressure of less than 10 psi.

Remedy: Check filter and pump intake to insure they are not plugged. If they are, clean as require.

Remedy: Leaks in the system may be resulting in loss of pressure. Check for water leaks in connections and fittings or wet spots in the field. Also check air vents to insure they are closing properly. Repair as necessary.

Remedy: Pump is worn or improperly sized. Pressure at feed manifold in less than 15 psi. Verify pressure requirements of system and provide a new or larger pump. As an alternate approach, the drip field may need to be divided into two or more zones.

Possible cause: The duration of each dose is of insufficient length to allow the drip field to become pressurized before the pump shuts off (or runs for only a brief time before turning off).

Remedy: Increase the pump run time and decrease the frequency of doses. Always calculate (or observe during field operation) how long the system takes to fully pressurize and add this time to the design dosing duration.

Symptom: High water alarm begins to activate continuously after a long period (1-2 years) of normal operation. Inspection of the filter indicates it is plugged with a heavy accumulation of sludge.

Possible cause: A buildup of solids in the pump tank due to carryover from the treatment plant.

Remedy: Replace the filter cartridge with a clean cartridge. Check the pump tank and if an accumulation of solids is noted, pump the solids out of the pump tank. Also, check the operation of the treatment plant to insure it is operating properly.

Symptom: Water surfaces at several spots in drip field during dosing periods. Installation is recent, less than 6 months of usage and the soil is a moderate to heavy clay. Possibly, the installation was completed using a non-vibratory plow.

<u>Possible cause</u>: Smearing of the soil may have occurred during installation of drip line. Also, the "cut" resulting from the installation allows an easy path for the water to surface during dosing.

Remedy: In most cases the sod will compact naturally around the drip line and the surfacing will diminish and ultimately cease. To help, reduce the duration of each dose and increase the number of doses/day. Also, it will help to seed the area to encourage the development of a good root zone.

<u>inptom</u>: Entire area of drip field is wet, soft and spongy. It appears to be totally saturated with water. Situation occurs during dry season when there is little rainfall.

Possible cause: Water being discharged to drip field exceeds design. Excess water may be a result of infiltration, plumbing leaks or excessive water usage.

Remedy: Check water meter, elapsed time meter, pump counter, override counter or high level alarm counter to determine if water usage is in excess of design. Check for leaks or infiltration. Repair leaks as required. Reduce water usage by installing water saving fixture.

Remedy: If water usage cannot be reduced, enlarge drip field as required.

Possible cause: Area of drip field was inadequately sized and is too small.

Remedy: Provide additional soil analysis to verify sizing and enlarge as required.

Valve Troubleshooting

Symptom: Valve will not open manually

Check water supply and any possible master or gate valves to insure they are open.

Check that the valve is installed with the arrow pointing in the downstream direction

Check that the flow control is fully open, counterclockwise.

Turn off the water supply. Remove the solenoid and check for debris blocking the exhaust port.

Turn off the water supply. Remove the cover. Inspect the diaphragm for damage and replace if necessary.

mptom: Valve will not open electrically

Check voltage at controller for 24 VAC station.

Check voltage across the solenoid lead wires for minimum 21 VAC.

Make sure handle on top of valve is free spinning. Not all the way open or all the way closed.

If the valve still does not operate, electrically replace the solenoid.

ymptom: Valve will not close

Insure the manual bleed lever is in the closed position.

Check for leaks around the flow control, solenoid or between valve cover and body.

Turn off the water supply. Remove the solenoid and check for debris or damage to the exhaust port.

Turn off the water supply. Remove valve cover and inspect for debris under diaphragm or debris in diaphragm ports.

mptom: Slow leak

Check for dirt or gravel embedded in the diaphragm seat.

Check actuator and exhaust fitting for proper seating.

PRIORITY:





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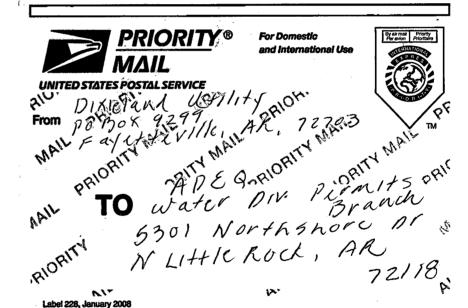
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EP14 July 2013 OD: 11.625 x 15.125

